

Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc
ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

30 JUNE 2016



Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc
Company number: 07289280



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Important information: the Company currently conducts its affairs so that the shares issued by Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc can be recommended by IFAs to ordinary retail investors in accordance with the FCA's rules in relation to non-mainstream pooled investment products and intends to continue to do so for the foreseeable future.

The shares are excluded from the FCA's restrictions which apply to non-mainstream pooled investment products because they are shares in a VCT.

Summary Financial Highlights

- Net asset value per Ordinary Share at 30 June 2016 was 100.7p after payment of 6.0p in dividends (30 June 2015: 109.9p).
- Net asset value per C Share at 30 June 2016 was 80.5p after payment of 5.0p in dividends (30 June 2015: 91.7p).
- Net asset value per D Share at 30 June 2016 was 99.4p.
- Total net asset value return (including dividends paid since launch) at 30 June 2016 is 123.7p for the Ordinary Shares fund, 90.5p for the C Shares fund and 99.4p for the D Shares fund.
- The D Shares fund launched on 1 February 2016 and has raised £3.1 million at the time of writing.

Ordinary Shares Fund

- Two interim dividends of 3.0p per Ordinary Share were paid on 13 November 2015 and 8 April 2016.
- An interim dividend of 3.0p per Ordinary Share will be paid on 18 November 2016 based on an ex-dividend date of 3 November 2016 and a record date of 4 November 2016.
- Fifth anniversary of final allotment under the original offer is 8 November 2016.

C Shares Fund

- Two interim dividends of 2.5p per C Share were paid on 13 November 2015 and 8 April 2016.
- An interim dividend of 2.5p per C Share will be paid on 18 November 2016 based on an ex-dividend date of 3 November 2016 and a record date of 4 November 2016.
- One new investment was made during the year totalling £0.95 million and one new investment of £3.7 million was made during July 2016. The fund is considered fully invested.

D Shares Fund

- One new investment was made during the year totalling £1.6 million.

Dividend History

Ordinary Shares	Dividend per share
8 April 2016	3.0p
13 November 2015	3.0p
10 April 2015	3.0p
14 November 2014	3.0p
4 April 2014	3.0p
25 October 2013	3.0p
12 April 2013	2.5p
31 October 2012	2.5p
Total	23.0p

C Shares	Dividend per share
8 April 2016	2.5p
13 November 2015	2.5p
10 April 2015	2.5p
14 November 2014	2.5p
Total	10.0p



Chairman's Statement

Introduction

As outlined in my statement last October, 2015 saw a significant strategic shift in the UK Government's policies with respect to renewable energy investment. Although this has fundamentally changed the landscape for future investment in PV solar, as an established owner of assets these changes have not had a material detrimental effect on our existing portfolio.

Performance - Ordinary Shares Fund

The underlying net asset value decreased by 3.2p per Ordinary Share before deducting the 6.0p per Ordinary Share dividend paid during the year. However, this reduction also includes an accrual for a performance incentive fee to the investment manager of approximately 5.9p per Ordinary Share, which would become payable should the total distributions on exit exceed 100p per Ordinary Share.

The valuation of the UK portfolio decreased by approximately £291,000 (0.8p per Ordinary Share) principally as a result of the Government's removal of Levy Exemption Certificates (LECs) for renewable energy schemes from August 2015. Other negative factors were a material increase in future business rates for solar plants, poorer levels of irradiation across the UK during the year under review (actual plant performance performed ahead of expectations) and lower power prices. The overall impact was partially offset by improvements in the valuations of our European assets.

The restructuring of the debt component of our Italian holdings was completed in February 2016, and we expect to see distributions to the VCT recommence in the 2016/17 year. We decided during the year to dispose of La Castilleja. This transaction is progressing and a provision against the previous carrying value of this asset has been taken to reflect likely disposal proceeds. There remains a possibility that the Company will recover some of these Spanish asset losses from the international arbitration proceedings we have taken against the Government of Spain for breaching the protections available under the Energy Charter Treaty. The Spanish and Italian assets account for circa 15% of the Ordinary Share portfolio.

The overall performance of the Ordinary Shares fund remains robust and the total return since inception as at 30 June 2016 was 123.7p per Ordinary Share compared with the fund's original target of a total 5 year return of 130.0p per Ordinary Share.

Ordinary Shareholder Individual Option to Remain Invested

The fifth anniversary of the final closing of the original public offering of the Ordinary Shares will occur in November of this year and Shareholders will be given the option to retain or divest their investment. During the year the Investment Manager began exploring options for the generation of liquidity to fund shareholders' returns including through a refinancing or sale of all or part of the Ordinary Share portfolio. The Board has included with the Annual Report & Accounts a letter to shareholders providing an update in this regard.

i. Movement in Net Asset Value of the Ordinary Shares Fund

During the year, the net asset value of the Ordinary Shares fund decreased to 100.7p per share (£38.6 million) at 30 June 2016 from 109.9p per share (£42.1 million) at 30 June 2015. The main reason behind the fall in net assets was the accrual of the Manager's performance incentive fee (5.9p) and a dividend payment of 6.0p per Ordinary Share. This is summarised further in the table below:

	£'000	Pence per Ordinary Share
NAV at 30 June 2015	42,111	109.9
Dividends paid	(2,298)	(6.0)
UK investments valuation decrease	(291)	(0.8)
Italian investments valuation increase	1,795	4.7
Spanish investments valuation decrease	(132)	(0.2)
Performance incentive fee	(2,270)	(5.9)
Other	(362)	(1.0)
NAV at 30 June 2016	38,553	100.7

ii. Cash & Deal Flow

The Ordinary Shares fund had cash and liquid resources of £1.9 million at 30 June 2016. The Company receives regular interest and loan stock payments and dividends from its underlying investments enabling it to continue to fund its dividend policy as well as meeting expenses in the ordinary course of business as they fall due.

iii. Investment Gains & Losses

There were no realised gains or losses during the year for the Ordinary Shares fund.

During the period the Ordinary Shares fund recognised unrealised gains of £1,372,000. Further information regarding the breakdown of this amount is contained in the Manager's Report.

iv. Running Costs

The annual management fee of the Ordinary Shares fund is calculated as 1.5% of Net Assets. During the period the management fees (excluding the accrued performance incentive fee) totalled £613,000, of which £153,000 was charged to the revenue account and £460,000 was charged to the capital account.

v. Ordinary Share Dividends

The Board originally planned to pay dividends of 5.0p per Ordinary Share each year throughout the life of Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc after the first year, payable bi-annually via dividends of 2.5p per Ordinary Share in April and October each year. The level of dividends is not, however, guaranteed. The Board is pleased to announce that the next interim dividend, of 3.0p per Ordinary Share, will be paid on 18 November 2016 based on an ex-dividend date of 3 November 2016 and a record date of 4 November 2016, which means that total dividends of 26.0p per Ordinary Share will have been paid since launch.

vi. Ordinary Share Issues & Buybacks

During the year under review, 26,094 Ordinary Shares were repurchased for cancellation. No new shares were issued.

Performance - C Shares Fund

The underlying net asset value decreased by 6.2p per C Share before deducting the 5.0p per C share dividend paid during the year.

The valuation of the UK portfolio decreased by approximately £569,000 (4.5p per C Share). This decrease in valuation was driven principally by the removal of Levy Exemption Certificates (LECs) for renewable energy by the Government from August 2015, lower irradiation than expected and a reduction in actual and forecast power prices. The C shares fund has a greater exposure to ROC subsidised projects than the Ordinary shares fund. This means a greater proportion of project revenues are exposed to changes in wholesale power prices. The US solar investment in the C share portfolio helps to diversify this particular risk.

The overall performance of the C Shares fund to date and the time it took to invest the proceeds of the original offer is disappointing but the opportunity to refinance the portfolio together with other operational efficiencies being implemented should see performance improving, albeit the original target of 120p per C Share remains challenging.

i. Movement in Net Asset Value of the C Shares Fund

During the period, the net assets of the C Shares fund decreased to 80.5p per share (£10.1 million) at 30 June 2016 from 91.7p per share (£11.5 million) as at 30 June 2015, largely due to the aggregate performance of the investment portfolio and dividends paid. This is summarised further in the table below:

	£'000	Pence per C Share
NAV at 30 June 2015	11,477	91.7
Dividends paid	(625)	(5.0)
UK investments valuation decrease	(569)	(4.5)
Other	(216)	(1.7)
NAV at 30 June 2016	10,067	80.5

ii. Cash & Deal Flow

During the year, the C Shares fund invested £0.95 million in the EOSOL project in Lancaster, California. The project has been operational since 2013 and the region benefits from some of the highest irradiation levels in the world. Following the year end the C Shares fund invested £3.7 million in a 5 MW project at Marchington, Staffordshire. The site was connected to the grid in March 2016 and benefits from a ROC subsidy. At 30 June 2016 the C Shares fund had cash resources of £4,000.

The Company receives regular interest and loan stock payments and dividends from its underlying investments enabling it to continue to fund its dividend policy as well as meeting expenses in the ordinary course of business as they fall due.

iii. Investment Gains & Losses

There were no realised gains or losses during the year.

During the year the C Shares fund recognised unrealised losses of £569,000. Further information regarding the breakdown of this amount is contained in the Manager's Report.

iv. Running Costs

The annual management fee of the C Shares fund is calculated as 1.75% of Net Assets. During the year the management fees totalled £188,000, of which £47,000 was charged to the revenue account and £141,000 was charged to the capital account.

v. C Share Dividends

The Board is pleased to announce that the next interim dividend, of 2.5p per C Share, will be paid on 18 November 2016 based on an ex-dividend date of 3 November 2016 and a record date of 4 November 2016.

vi. C Share Issues & Buybacks

There were no C Share buybacks and no new shares were issued during the year.

Outlook – C Shares Fund

The proceeds of the C Share offer have now been fully deployed into new projects. This has taken considerably longer than originally anticipated which has had a negative impact on the overall returns generated by the C Shares fund. With the fund now fully invested we expect returns to improve especially if power prices recover strongly.

D Shares Fund

The D Shares fund offer opened on 1 February 2016, following a window of opportunity to invest in energy generating investments (subject to them not benefitting from any form of Government subsidy) for a very short period until 5 April 2016, after which time they were prohibited for VCTs. After 5 April 2016 the fund will invest in energy related infrastructure investments such as smart meters. The D Shares fund has raised £3.1 million at the time of writing.

Name Change

Following the launch of the D Share Offer in February 2016, which has both a solar and more general infrastructure mandate, the Board considered it appropriate to amend the name of the Company from Foresight Solar VCT plc to Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc to reflect the wider remit of the Company across all three of its share classes.

Annual General Meeting

The Company's Annual General Meeting will take place on 8 December 2016 at 1pm. I look forward to welcoming you to the Meeting, which will be held at the offices of Foresight Group in London. Details can be found on page 57.



Chairman's Statement continued

Overall Company Outlook

The O Share portfolio continues to perform in line with expectations. As a mature solar fund based on both FIT and ROC revenues, its future performance will be enhanced by a successful outcome to the manager's portfolio optimisation programme including locking in more stable power price agreements. It will also seek to negotiate land lease extensions that should generate enhanced revenues and value from the UK projects. Within the European portfolio, the successful refinancing of the portfolio of Italian solar assets has led to an increase in value but a small provision has been taken against the value of the Spanish asset, to reflect the likely proceeds from an ongoing disposal process.

The performance of the C Share portfolio in the last year has been impacted by several negative factors, namely the abrupt removal of LECs by the UK government in August 2015, poorer than anticipated levels of irradiation, an overall fall in power prices and the delay in investing all of the C Share monies. Our objective is to focus on a combination of operational and financing improvements and, with our final investment at Marchington now generating revenue, we hope the trend in NAV will improve; although we are unlikely to achieve the C Share fund's original target of 120p per share.

David Hurst-Brown

Chairman

28 October 2016

Strategic Report

Introduction

This Strategic Report, on pages 5 to 9, has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Section 414 of the Companies Act 2006 and best practice. Its purpose is to inform the members of the Company and help them to assess how the Directors have performed their duty to promote the success of the Company, in accordance with Section 172 of the Companies Act 2006.

Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc Ordinary Shares Fund

Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc originally raised £37.8 million through an Ordinary Share issue in 2010/2011 and 2011/2012. This fund currently has investments and assets totalling £38.6 million. The number of Ordinary Shares in issue at 30 June 2016 was 38,290,862.

Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc C Shares Fund

In 2013/2014 and 2014/2015, £13.1 million was raised for the C Shares fund. This fund currently has investments and assets totalling £10.1 million. The number of C shares in issue at 30 June 2016 was 12,509,245.

Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc D Shares Fund

Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc is currently raising funds through a D Share issue. The fund currently has investments and assets totalling £2.0 million. The number of D shares in issue at 30 June 2016 was 1,997,691.

Summary of the Investment Policy

Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc invests mainly in unquoted companies that generate electricity from solar power systems and benefit from long-term government-related price guarantees as well as companies that generate and sell data derived from their ownership and operation of smart data assets.

Investment Objectives

Ordinary Shares Fund

The key objective of the Ordinary Shares fund is to distribute 130.0p per share, through a combination of tax-free income, buy-backs and tender offers before the sixth anniversary of the closing date of the offer.

C Shares Fund

The key objective of the C Shares fund is to distribute 120.0p per share, through a combination of tax-free income, buy-backs and tender offers before the sixth anniversary of the closing date of the offer.

D Shares Fund

The key objective of the D Shares fund is to distribute between 110.0p and 115.0p per share, through a combination of tax-free income, buy-backs and tender offers before the sixth anniversary of the closing date of the offer.

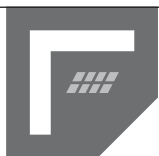
Performance and Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)

The Board expects the Manager to deliver a performance which meets the objectives of the three classes of shares. The KPIs covering these objectives are net asset value performance and dividends paid, which, when combined, give net asset value total return. Additional key performance indicators reviewed by the Board include the discount of the share price relative to the net asset value and total expenses as a proportion of shareholders' funds.

A record of some of these indicators is contained below and on the following page. The total expense ratio in the period was 2.7% and the average discount at which shares were repurchased in the market was 0.7%. The level of these KPIs compare favourably with the wider VCT marketplace based on independently published information.

A review of the Company's performance during the financial year, is contained within the Manager's Report. The Board assesses the performance of the Manager in meeting the Company's objective against the primary KPIs highlighted above.

	30 June 2016			30 June 2015		
	Ordinary Shares	C Shares	D Shares	Ordinary Shares	C Shares	D Shares
Net asset value per share	100.7p	80.5p	99.4p	109.9p	91.7p	N/A
Net asset value total return	123.7p	90.5p	99.4p	126.9p	96.7p	N/A
	Ordinary Shares	C Shares	D Shares	Ordinary Shares	C Shares	D Shares
Share price	92.5p	84.0p	100.0p	102.5p	93.5p	N/A
Share price total return	115.5p	94.0p	100.0p	119.5p	98.5p	N/A
	Ordinary Shares	C Shares	D Shares	Ordinary Shares	C Shares	D Shares
Dividends paid from inception	23.0p	10.0p	—	17.0p	5.0p	N/A
Dividends paid in the year	6.0p	5.0p	—	6.0p	5.0p	N/A
Dividend yield %	6.5	6.0	—	5.9	5.3	N/A



Strategic Report continued

Ordinary Shares Fund

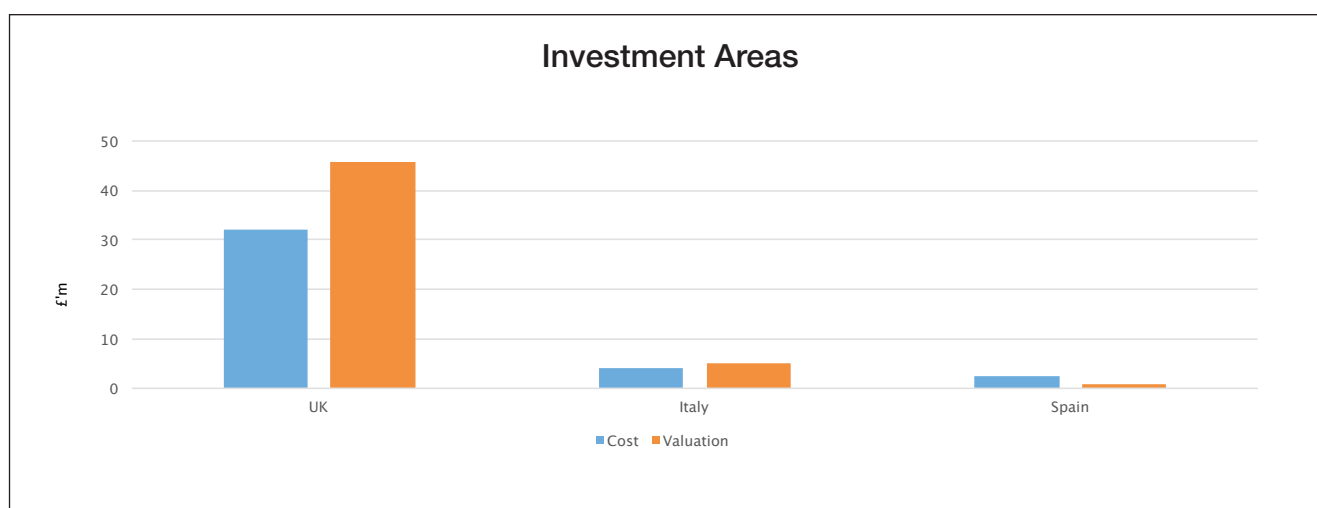
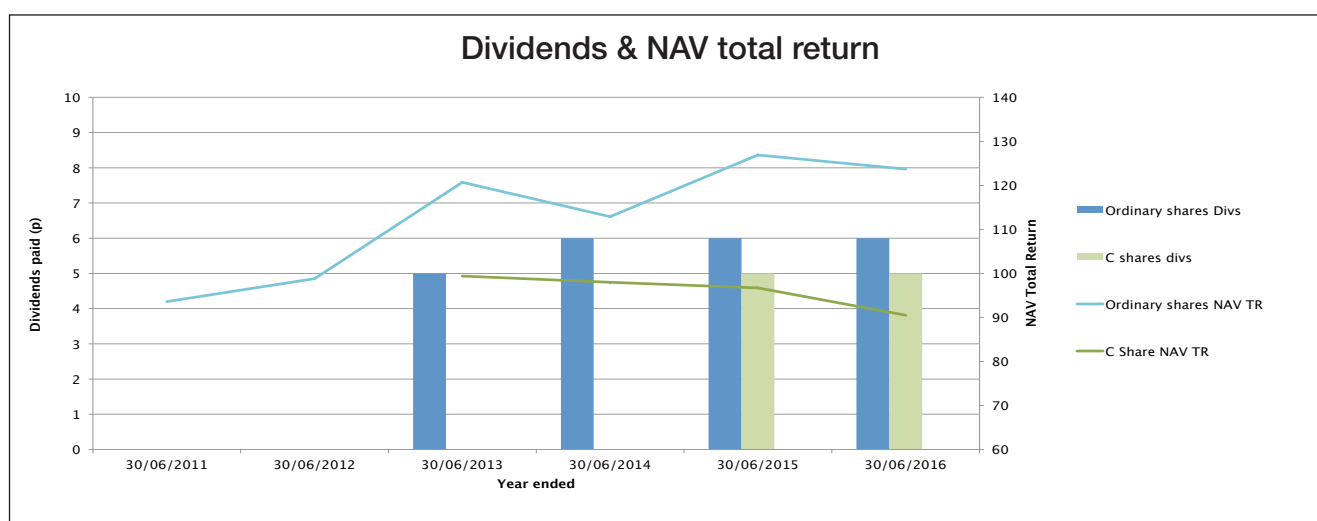
Share price discount to NAV at 30 June 2016	8.1%
Average discount on buybacks	0.7%
Shares bought back during the year under review	26,094
Decrease in net asset value during year (after adding back 6.0p dividend)	2.9%
Total expense ratio	2.5%

C Shares Fund

Share price premium to NAV at 30 June 2016	4.3%
Average discount on buybacks	—
Shares bought back during the year under review	—
Decrease in net asset value during year (after adding back 5.0p dividend)	6.8%
Total expense ratio	3.2%

D Shares Fund

Share price premium to NAV at 30 June 2016	0.6%
Average discount on buybacks	—
Shares bought back during the year under review	—
Increase in net asset value during year	N/A
Total expense ratio	3.4%



Strategies for achieving objectives

Investment Policy

Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc invests mainly in unquoted companies that generate electricity from solar power systems and benefit from long-term government-related price guarantees as well as companies that generate and sell data derived from their ownership and operation of smart data assets.

Investment securities

The Company invests in a range of securities including, but not limited to, ordinary and preference shares, loan stock, convertible securities, and fixed-interest securities as well as cash. Unquoted investments are usually structured as a combination of ordinary shares and loan stock. Non Qualifying Investments may include holdings in money market instruments, short-dated bonds, unit trusts, OEICs, structured products, guarantees to banks or third parties providing loans or other investment to investee companies and other assets where Foresight Group believes that the risk/return portfolio is consistent with the overall investment objectives of the portfolio.

UK companies

Investments are primarily made in companies which are substantially based in the UK. The companies in which investments are made must have no more than £15 million of gross assets at the time of investment for funds raised after 6 April 2012 (or £7 million if the funds being invested were raised after 5 April 2006 but before 6 April 2012) to be classed as a VCT qualifying holding.

Asset mix

The Company invests in unquoted companies that seek to generate solar electricity and benefit from long-term government-backed price guarantees. Investments may be made in companies seeking to generate renewable energy from other sources provided that these benefit from similar long-term government-backed price guarantees. No investments of this nature have been made to date. The Board has ensured that at least 70% of net funds raised under the Offer have been invested in companies whose primary business is the generation of solar electricity. Any uninvested funds are held in cash, interest bearing securities or other investments.

Risk diversification and maximum exposures

Risk is spread by investing in a number of different companies and by targeting a variety of separate locations for the solar power assets. The maximum amount invested by the Company in any one company is limited to 15% of the portfolio at the time of investment. The value of an investment is expected to increase over time as a result of trading progress and a continuous assessment is made of its suitability for sale. Solar projects can in aggregate exceed this limit but suitable structures are put in place so that individual corporate investments do not. Although risk is spread across different companies, concentration risk is fairly high, given that a significant portion are all UK Solar projects.

Borrowing powers

The Company's Articles permit borrowing, to give a degree of investment flexibility. The Board's current policy is not to use borrowing. In any event, under the Company's Articles no money may be borrowed without the sanction of an ordinary resolution if the principal amount outstanding of all borrowings by the Company and its subsidiary undertakings (if any), then exceeds, or would as a result of such borrowing exceed, a principal amount equal to the aggregate of the share capital and consolidated reserves of the Company and each of its subsidiary undertakings as shown in the audited consolidated balance sheet. The underlying portfolio companies in which Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc invests may utilise bank borrowing or other debt arrangements to finance asset purchases but such borrowing would be non-recourse to Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc.

VCT regulation

The investment policy is designed to ensure that the Company continues to qualify and is approved as a VCT by HM Revenue & Customs ("HMRC"). Amongst other conditions, the Company may not invest in a single company more than 15% of its gross assets at the time of making any investment and must have at least 70% by value of its investments throughout the period in shares or securities in qualifying holdings, of which the specified percentage by value in aggregate must be in ordinary shares which carry no preferential rights (although only 10% of any individual investment needs to be in the ordinary shares of that Company). In respect of capital raised before 6 April 2011 the specified percentage was 30% and in respect of capital raised on or after 6 April 2011 the specified percentage was 70%.

Management

The Board has engaged Foresight Group as discretionary investment manager. Foresight Fund Managers Limited also provides or procures the provision of company secretarial, administration and custodian services to the Company.

Foresight Fund Managers Limited is the secretary of the Company.

Foresight Group prefers to take a lead role in the companies in which it invests. Larger investments may be syndicated with other investing institutions, or strategic partners with similar investment criteria.

A review of the investment portfolio and of market conditions during the year is included within the Manager's Report.

Environmental, Human Rights, Employee, Social and Community Issues

The Company's investments have been made in clean energy and environmental infrastructure projects which have clear environmental benefits.

The Board recognises the requirement under Section 414 of the Act to provide information about environmental matters (including the impact of the Company's business on the environment), employee, human rights, social and community issues; including information about any policies it has in relation to these matters and effectiveness of these



Strategic Report continued

policies. As the Company has no employees or policies in these matters this requirement does not apply.

Gender diversity

The Board currently comprises three male Directors. The Board is, however, conscious of the need for diversity and will consider both male and female candidates when appointing new Directors.

The Manager has an equal opportunities policy and currently employs 79 men and 52 women.

Dividend policy

The Board plans to pay dividends of 5.0p per share each year throughout the life of Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc after the first year, payable bi-annually via dividends of 2.5p per share in April and October each year. The level of dividends is not however, guaranteed.

Purchase of own shares

It is the Company's policy, subject to adequate cash availability, to consider repurchasing shares when they become available in order to help provide liquidity to the market in the Company's shares.

Principal risks, risk management and regulatory environment

The Board carries out a regular and robust review of the risk environment in which the company operates. The principal risks and uncertainties identified by the Board which might affect the Company's business model and future performance, and the steps taken with a view to their mitigation, are as follows:

Economic risk: events such as economic recession or general fluctuation in stock markets and interest rates may affect the performance of projects, as well as affecting the Company's own share price and discount to net asset value. **Mitigation:** the Company invests in a portfolio of investments and maintains sufficient cash reserves to be able to meet its liabilities.

VCT qualifying status risk: the Company is required at all times to observe the conditions laid down in the Income Tax Act 2007 for the maintenance of approved VCT status. The loss of such approval could lead to the Company losing its exemption from corporation tax on capital gains, to investors being liable to pay income tax on dividends received from the Company and, in certain circumstances, to investors being required to repay the initial income tax relief on their investment.

Mitigation: the Manager keeps the Company's VCT qualifying status under continual review, seeking to take appropriate action to maintain it where required, and its reports are reviewed by the Board on a quarterly basis. The Board has also retained RW Blears LLP to undertake an independent VCT status monitoring role.

Investment and liquidity risk: many of the Company's investments are in small and medium-sized unquoted companies which are VCT

qualifying holdings, and which by their nature entail a higher level of risk and lower liquidity than investments in larger quoted companies.

Mitigation: the Directors aim to limit the risk attaching to the portfolio as a whole by careful selection, close monitoring and timely realisation of investments, by carrying out rigorous due diligence procedures. The Board reviews the investment portfolio with the Manager on a regular basis.

Legislative and regulatory risk: in order to maintain its approval as a VCT, the Company is required to comply with current VCT legislation in the UK, which reflects the European Commission's State aid rules. Changes to the UK legislation or the State aid rules in the future could have an adverse effect on the Company's ability to achieve satisfactory investment returns whilst retaining its VCT approval. **Mitigation:** The Board and the Manager monitor political developments and where appropriate seek to make representations either directly or through relevant trade bodies.

Natural disasters: severe weather/natural disasters could lead to reduction in performance and value of the assets. **Mitigation:** there is no mitigation that can be taken against natural disasters; however, our Operations and Maintenance provider is able to respond quickly to repair any damage and reduce the amount of down time.

Internal control risk: the Company's assets could be at risk in the absence of an appropriate internal control regime. This could lead to theft, fraud, and/or an inability to provide accurate reporting and monitoring. **Mitigation:** the Board regularly reviews the system of internal controls, both financial and non-financial, operated by the Company and the Manager. These include controls designed to ensure that the Company's assets are safeguarded and that proper accounting records are maintained.

Financial risk: inappropriate accounting policies might lead to misreporting or breaches of regulations. **Mitigation:** the Manager is continually reviewing accounting policies and regulations, and its reports are reviewed by the Board on a quarterly basis.

Viability Statement

In accordance with principle 21 of the AIC Code of Corporate Governance published by the AIC in February 2015, the Directors have assessed the prospects of the Company over the three year period to 30 June 2019. This three year period is used by the Board during the strategic planning process and is considered reasonable for a business of its nature and size.

In making this statement, the Board carried out an assessment of the principal risks facing the Company, including those that might threaten its business model, future performance, solvency, or liquidity.

The Board also considered the ability of the Company to raise finance and deploy capital. This assessment took account of the availability and likely effectiveness of the mitigating actions that could be taken

to avoid or reduce the impact of the underlying risks, including the Manager adapting their investment process to take account of the more restrictive VCT investment rules.

This review has considered the principal risks which were identified by the Board. The Board concentrated its efforts on the major factors that affect the economic, regulatory and political environment.

The Directors have also considered the Company's income and expenditure projections and underlying assumptions for the next three years and found these to be realistic and sensible.

Based on the Company's processes for monitoring cash flow, share price discount, ongoing review of the investment objective and policy, asset allocation, sector weightings and portfolio risk profile, the Board has concluded that there is a reasonable expectation that the Company will be able to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due over the three years to 30 June 2019.

Performance-related incentives

Ordinary Shares fund

After distributions of 100.0p per Ordinary Share issued under the Offer and remaining in issue at the date of calculation have been paid to Ordinary shareholders of the Company, Foresight Group will become entitled to a performance incentive which will be calculated at the rate of 20% of distributions in excess of 100.0p per Ordinary Share until total distributions reach 130.0p per share and 30% above that level.

C Shares fund

After distributions of 100.0p per C Share issued under the Offer and remaining in issue at the date of calculation have been paid to C shareholders by the Company, Foresight Group will become entitled to a performance incentive which will be calculated at the rate of 20% of distributions in excess of 100.0p per C Share until total distributions reach 120.0p per share and 30% above that level.

D Shares fund

After distributions of 100.0p per D Share issued under the offer and remaining in issue at the date of calculation have been paid to D shareholders by the Company, Foresight Group will become entitled to a performance incentive which will be calculated at the rate of 20% of distributions in excess of 100.0p per D Share until total distributions reach 115.0p per share and 30% above that level.

Valuation Policy

Investments held by the Company have been valued in accordance with the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation ("IPEVCV") guidelines (December 2015) developed by the British Venture Capital Association and other organisations. Through these guidelines, investments are valued as defined at 'fair value'. Ordinarily, unquoted investments will be valued at cost for a limited period following the date of acquisition, being the most suitable approximation of fair value unless there is an impairment or significant accretion

in value during the period. The portfolio valuations are prepared by Foresight Group, reviewed and approved by the Board quarterly and subject to review by the auditors annually.

A broad range of assumptions are used in our valuation models. These assumptions are based on long-term forecasts and are not affected by short-term fluctuations in inputs, be it economic or technical. Under the normal course of events, we would expect asset valuations to reduce each period due to the finite nature of the cash flows.

VCT Tax Benefit for Shareholders

To obtain VCT tax reliefs on subscriptions up to £200,000 per annum, a VCT investor must be a 'qualifying' individual over the age of 18 with UK taxable income. The tax reliefs for subscriptions since 6 April 2006 are:

- Income tax relief of 30% on subscription for new shares, which is forfeit by shareholders if the shares are not held for more than five years;
- VCT dividends (including capital distributions of realised gains on investments) are not subject to income tax in the hands of qualifying holders; and
- Capital gains on disposal of VCT shares are tax-free, whenever the disposal occurs.

Venture Capital Trust Status

Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc is approved by HMRC as a venture capital trust (VCT) in accordance with Part 6 of the Income Tax Act 2007. It is intended that the business of the Company be carried on so as to maintain its VCT status.

The Directors have managed, and continue to manage, the business in order to comply with the legislation applicable to VCTs. The Board has appointed RW Blears LLP to monitor and provide continuing advice in respect of the Company's compliance with applicable VCT legislation and regulation. As at 30 June 2016 the Company had 74.68% (2015: 81.0%) of its funds in such VCT qualifying holdings.

Future Strategy

The Company will limit its future investment in new energy and infrastructure related projects for the D share class as well as optimising the performance and returns from the existing portfolio of solar and infrastructure assets. This will enable the Board to deliver an attractive exit for those investors who elect to redeem their investments after the five-year holding period, whilst targeting an attractive dividend yield for those Shareholders who elect to remain invested in the Company for the longer term.

David Hurst-Brown

Director
28 October 2016



Manager's Report

UK Regulatory and Market Changes

UK assets account for 85% of the Company's total investment valuation and, while there have been certain specific adjustments to certain mechanisms within the national regulatory framework, the Investment Manager believes that the UK Government remains committed to the development of renewable energy as part of its long-term objective of reducing the carbon intensity of the UK economy.

Following the consultations in July 2015, the Department of Energy and Climate Change ("DECC") announced in December 2015 it would close the Renewable Obligation Scheme ("RO Scheme") to new solar PV of 5MW and below from 1 April 2016 onwards, subject to certain grace periods. This was driven by the significant increase in the installed capacity of UK solar in recent years, with the Solar Trade Association estimating that UK solar capacity surpassed 10GW at the end of March 2016. DECC had previously flagged that it would continue to monitor the deployment of new installations and the subsequent impact this would have on the Levy Control Framework ("LCF"). It should be noted that the changes to the RO Scheme described above had no impact on the existing installed capacity of the UK component of the Company's portfolio.

In July 2015, DECC also announced the postponement of the 2015 auction under the Contracts for Difference ("CfD") scheme for large renewables projects. In November 2015, the mechanism was suspended indefinitely amidst a purported overspend within the LCF and in February 2016, the then Energy Secretary Amber Rudd confirmed that there are currently no plans for large-scale solar to be handed future contracts under the CfD mechanism.

On 23 June 2016, the UK Government held a referendum in which the majority of the electorate voting indicated a preference for the UK to leave the European Union. Whilst unexpected, we expect the result to have limited, if any, impact on the Company. The fundamentals of the UK solar sector are not materially underpinned by any EU regulation or legislation. The Renewable Obligation and the Levy Control Framework are enshrined in the Law of England and Wales and do not require transposition from EU Directives or other legislation. Asset revenue streams are principally driven by UK Government subsidies and UK wholesale power prices and all of the Company's UK operational costs are denominated in Pound Sterling. The main costs to the portfolio are land leases and O&M contracts which have been secured under long term contracts. Financing costs also have a limited exposure to interest rate movements.

In July 2016, it was announced that DECC would be dissolved and the department's functions would be transferred to the new Department of Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy a combination of DECC and the Department of Business, Innovation and Skills. The new department will be led by the Rt. Hon. Greg Clark, the former Communities Secretary who has also held the position of shadow Energy Secretary in the past. The appointment has been broadly well-received by those in the renewable industry, as the Minister has previously been vocal of his support for renewable energy and the green economy. While the impact this will have on the renewable energy sector is at this point unclear, there are several positives that may result from the decision such as the ability for more co-ordinated policy decisions.

Following these announcements, the Investment Manager does not anticipate any further regulatory changes that may impact the UK's renewable initiatives or the Government's commitment to the 2008 Climate Change Act targets. Indeed, on 30 June 2016 the Government approved the Fifth Carbon Budget demonstrating its continued commitment to the development of renewable and low carbon energy supply. This commitment is set within the context of further strengthening of the international consensus regarding the requirement to implement climate change mitigation actions, as evidenced by the ratification of the 2015 Paris Agreement on reducing greenhouse gas emissions by the US and China on 3 September 2016.

Power Prices

UK power prices continued a downward trend throughout the year, driven in part by lower gas prices due to stockpiles of natural gas and above average winter temperatures during the fourth quarter of 2015. The market experienced a recovery in spot prices in Q2 2016 supported by an increase in gas prices with average power prices increasing to levels above £40/MWh by the end of the quarter. Despite this recovery, the Company has revised downwards its forecast power prices by an average of c. 11% over the year for valuation purposes, in line with the most recently published advisor reports.

The Company's power curve assumptions are solely based on a blended average of the forecasts provided by a number of third party consultants and the Investment Manager believes that the recent power price declines have been appropriately reflected. It should be noted that the Company's forecasts continue to assume an increase in power prices in real terms over the medium to long-term of 2.0% per annum.

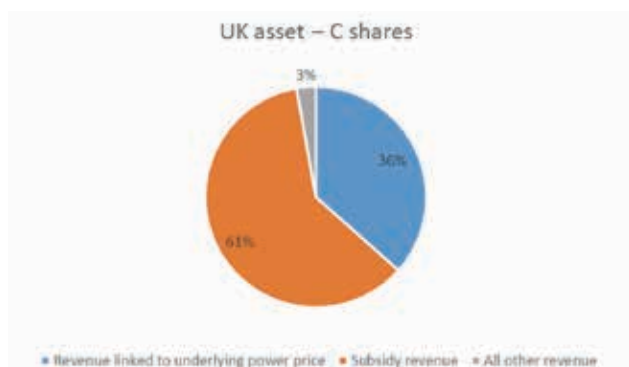
It should also be noted that although the Investment Manager incorporates the latest curves published by its third party consultants in the Company's NAV calculations, the reports are published relatively infrequently and tend to display a lag to actual market developments. As such, the recent recovery in spot prices has not yet been reflected in the Company's NAV.

The impact of falling power prices can be mitigated, to a certain extent, by the fact that c. 78% of portfolio revenues received are from fixed electricity price contracts, subsidies and associated green benefits which are grandfathered and index-linked.

UK Assets – O shares



■ Revenue linked to underlying power price ■ Subsidy revenue ■ All other revenue



Portfolio Optimisation

The Investment Manager has run a number of concurrent processes to maximise the free cash being generated by the portfolio. As well as increasing the technical efficiency of the sites, the asset management team has been able to significantly improve the commercial terms across a number of contracts.

Power Purchase Agreements

To date, the Company has adopted a Power Purchase Agreement (“PPA”) strategy that seeks to optimise revenues from power generated, whilst maintaining the flexibility to manage the portfolio appropriately. During the year the Investment Manager used the significant scale of its wider portfolio (including assets not owned by the Company) in order to optimise the PPA and commercial terms of the Company’s portfolio.

During the year the Company entered into new PPA contracts and secured an increase in passthrough rates for the sale of both ROCs and electricity against the original contracts, resulting in an increase of 3% for ROC passthrough rates and 4.6% for electricity sales passthrough rates.

The Company will benefit from further upward movements if power prices continue to increase as forecast by independent consultants. At the same time, the existing PPA contracts allow the Investment Manager to fix the price at any time by giving notice to the offtaker, thereby mitigating the risk of revenue reductions from significant downward movements in prices. It should be noted that the PPAs also provide the flexibility to incorporate new technologies such as batteries and storage, which may provide potential upside in the future.

Project Insurance

Over the past two years the like-for-like cost of insurance across the portfolio has fallen by over 50%. This reduction in cost has been achieved at the same time as improving the terms of cover such as lowering the level of claim deductibles. The Investment Manager has fixed the current price for a three-year period, subject to certain loss limits not being breached.

O&M Service

O&M costs are expected to decrease in the short and medium term as the increase in total UK solar installed capacity allows for market consolidation and economies of scale. The Investment Manager aims to improve cost efficiency by renegotiating the majority of the existing

O&M agreements when current agreements expire. This will allow the Company to secure competitive renewal terms while ensuring the standard of work expected by the Investment Manager is met, either by entering new contracts with the existing O&M contractor or by appointing a new contractor.

As part of this process, Brighter Green Engineering (“BGE”), a subsidiary of Foresight Group, was appointed as O&M contractor to the FIT sites in Q2 2016. This has resulted in a decrease in annual fees and an uplift in asset performance since the company took over the sites, driven by the company’s technical expertise and market leading incident response times.

Further to the reduction in cost, the new contract provides for a comprehensive scope of work in excess of that typically offered by competitors, including:

- Full turnkey scope including, but not limited to, unlimited corrective maintenance (with key components replaced), response times, high-voltage works, plant security and monitoring;
- Frequent module and panel cleaning;
- Annual thermographic study of all modules, with further investigation and/or laboratory testing in case of malfunctions as required in preparation of claims;
- Annual voltage and current testing of a photovoltaic modules sample in order to confirm that module output power is in line with manufacturer technical specifications;
- Assistance with laboratory testing of up to 50 modules annually (including demounting, mounting, transport);
- Annual testing of transformer oil and two-yearly testing of partial discharge activity on all switchgear. These activities are typically only recommended by the equipment manufacturers but the Investment Manager has included it in the scope as mandatory, recognising the importance of high-voltage equipment on site, regarding their replacement cost in case of catastrophic faults, and particularly the associated plant downtime and costs; and
- Full management of Landscape and Environmental Management Plans, ensuring compliance with planning conditions and collaborations with ecologists to enhance biodiversity.

We expect similar efficiencies to be secured for other assets in the portfolio once the existing O&M contractual terms reach either the end of their two year guaranteed performance period, when applicable, or final contract term, further reducing costs to the Company.

Portfolio Performance – Ordinary Shares UK Assets

The UK assets account for 85% of the total investment valuation. Although the technical efficiency of the plants was above the expectations of the investment manager total production was slightly below long term expectations due to solar irradiation being 4.1% below expectations over the year.

The principal UK assets in the Ordinary Shares fund are as follows:

- Four plants in Kent, Somerset and Wiltshire which all possess index linked Feed-in Tariffs (FITs) over 25 years. These assets have



Manager's Report continued

a favorable yield profile in relation to later ROC-based projects and benefit from the low cost of the bond re-financing, executed in 2013; and

- the Turweston 16.45 MW project in Buckinghamshire which benefits from 1.4 ROCs.

Irradiation expectations are formed at the point of acquisition and validated by independent technical advisers. The irradiation variance for the period represents short-term volatility levels which would not be considered atypical, though the irradiation forecasts produced at the time of acquisition are prepared based on a normal probability distribution of long term historical annual irradiation data and don't incorporate such intra-period volatility. For reference, the irradiance variance verified for the year to June 2015 were 6.6% above forecast.

European Assets

Production from the Italian and Spanish assets was in line with expectations of the Investment Manager. While irradiation levels across the European assets mirrored the low levels seen in the UK strong technical performance more than compensated for the lower levels of solar resources available.

Sale of La Castilleja

The Investment Manager has explored the possibility of both refinancing and selling the La Castilleja investment. Given that the proposed restructuring terms were unattractive, and also required a further equity injection, a sale was pursued. Following a tender exercise, the sale exchanged after the period end. The year-end valuation in these accounts represents the proposed sale price.

Although the agreed sale price was at a discount to the initial equity investment, the Investment Manager believes it represented good value for investors under the strained circumstances especially considering future political uncertainty.

Concurrently, in order to allow the Fund to recover the damages created from a change-in-law, the Investment Manager has been pursuing arbitration against the Spanish government for the breach of fair and equitable treatment of investors provided under the Energy Charter Treaty ("ECT"), to which Spain is a party. A litigation funding agreement is in place to limit the cost risks of this litigation.

This will be a lengthy process but will be unaffected by the sale.

Refinancing of Italian Assets

In Q1 2016 the Investment Manager refinanced existing debt across the Italian investments, reducing the cost of debt and restoring cash distributions following a period of political uncertainty. Alongside further asset optimisation and consolidation the refinancing has led to an increase in the asset valuations.

Exit

The fifth anniversary of the final closing of the original public offering of the Ordinary Shares will occur in November of this year. During the year the Investment Manager began exploring options for the generation of

liquidity to shareholders through a refinancing or sale of all or part of the Ordinary Share portfolio. The Board has included with the Annual Report & Accounts a letter to shareholders providing an update in this regard.

Portfolio Performance – C Shares

Mirroring the performance of the Ordinary shares, the technical efficiency of the plants was above the expectations of the investment manager but total production was below long term expectations due to solar irradiation being 5.4% below expectations over the year. Irradiation levels are measured by site specific monitoring equipment and so local weather patterns can vary between portfolios.

The C Shares fund has acquired equity ownership of the 3.6MW portfolio located in Lancaster, California, a region which benefits from some of the highest levels of irradiance in the world. To date the project has performed above base case projections. The C Shares fund invested c. £1 million in the project in September 2015 via Skibo Solar III Limited.

Following the acquisition of the 5MW Marchington plant the share class is now fully deployed. The site, located in Staffordshire, was connected to the grid in March 2016.

The Investment Manager is currently investigating refinancing options for short-term debt in respect of one asset within portfolio of this share class, being the 6 MW Saron project; this is being undertaken as part of a wider refinancing exercise of several solar portfolios (including assets not owned by the Company).

Risk Management

Reliance is placed on the internal systems and controls of the Investment Manager and external service providers such as the Administrator to effectively manage risk across the portfolio. Foresight has a comprehensive Risk Management framework in place which is reviewed on a regular basis by the Directors.

Environmental Social and Governance Considerations

The Company believes Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") considerations play an important part in delivering responsible and sustainable growth for the long term. These factors have been integrated into all stages of the investment process, and are actively supported by all involved, regardless of seniority. With that in mind, the Company has developed its Responsible Investment Framework to provide a suitable operational framework in matters related to the investment process, such that ESG has become part of the normal day-to-day operation.

Health and Safety

There were no health and safety incidents reported during the period. The Investment Manager has appointed a health and safety consultant to review all portfolio assets to ensure they not only meet, but exceed, industry and legal standards.

Environmental

Further to the environmental advantages of large scale renewable energy, each investment is closely scrutinised for localised environmental impact. Where improvements can be made, the Company will work with planning and local authorities to minimise visual and auditory impact of sites.

Biodiversity Assessments

The Investment Manager is actively exploring ways of maximising the biodiversity and wildlife potential for all of its UK solar assets. As such, the Investment Manager has prepared a series of site specific biodiversity enhancement and management plans to secure long-term gains for wildlife such as:

- Management of grassland areas within the security fencing;
- Management of hedgerows and associated hedge banks;
- Management of field boundaries between security fencing and hedgerows;
- Management of woodland blocks;
- Installation of Herptile/Reptile hibernacula;
- Installation of boxes for bats, owls and kestrels; and
- Installation of bee hives.

As part of our EPC contracts, contractors are obliged to design plants in such a way that they allow for sheep grazing.

Social

The Investment Manager has actively sought to engage with the local communities of the solar assets. Open days have been arranged for local residents, businesses and schools to visit the sites where they can learn more about the benefits of solar and the need for more stable renewable policy support.

Outlook

Having focused on the consolidation and optimisation of the portfolio the Investment Manager has leveraged its experience in the sector to implement several value-enhancing strategies to the benefit of Shareholders.

As one of the largest solar asset managers in the UK, with over 620MW of UK solar assets under management, the Investment Manager is uniquely positioned to optimise these assets driving value for investors through increasing exit valuations.

The market dynamics will improve further if the recent recovery in UK wholesale power market continues as forecast. We believe the Company is well positioned through its floating PPA exposure to benefit from any additional upward movements resulting in increased revenue generation, further underpinning returns to Shareholders.

Whilst we do not expect the result of the EU referendum in June and the resulting dissolution of DECC to have an immediate impact on the Fund, we will continue to monitor developments carefully, and report to investors in due course.

Over the next twelve months, the Investment Manager will continue to focus on maximising the operational performance of the existing portfolio, whilst looking to maximise value on any exit.

Dan Wells

Partner

28 October 2016



Investment Summary

Ordinary Shares Fund

Investment	30 June 2016			30 June 2015	
	Amount Invested £	Valuation £	Valuation Methodology	Amount Invested £	Valuation £
Kent Solar Project*					
Canopus Solar Limited	561,324	1,645,921	Discounted cashflow	636,156	1,844,373
Vega Solar Limited	781,523	1,645,620	Discounted cashflow	884,486	1,842,788
	1,342,847	3,291,541		1,520,642	3,687,161
Puriton & Bridgewater Solar Projects*					
Altair Solar Limited	531,610	2,098,283	Discounted cashflow	620,577	2,341,465
Capella Solar Limited	580,081	2,146,791	Discounted cashflow	684,277	2,402,325
	1,111,691	4,245,074		1,304,854	4,743,790
Malmesbury Solar Project*					
Hadar Solar Limited	100,680	1,526,858	Discounted cashflow	140,686	1,709,283
Rigel Solar Limited	523,322	3,031,234	Discounted cashflow	608,879	3,408,609
	624,002	4,558,092		749,565	5,117,892
Turweston Solar Project*					
Altair Solar Limited	3,051,435	3,993,822	Discounted cashflow	3,562,104	4,398,234
Canopus Solar Limited	3,135,535	3,984,171	Discounted cashflow	3,553,541	4,387,606
Capella Solar Limited	2,972,513	3,931,380	Discounted cashflow	3,506,446	4,336,578
Hadar Solar Limited	1,289,907	2,025,251	Discounted cashflow	1,802,459	2,226,287
Rigel Solar Limited	3,076,290	4,012,103	Discounted cashflow	3,579,229	4,419,194
Vega Solar Limited	2,920,461	3,706,437	Discounted cashflow	3,305,221	4,081,111
	16,446,141	21,653,164		19,309,000	23,849,010
Greenersite Limited	325,878	364,600	Discounted cashflow	325,878	364,600
	325,878	364,600		325,878	364,600
Total UK	19,850,559	34,112,471		23,209,939	37,762,453
Italian Solar Project**					
Foresight VCT (Lux) 1 S.a.r.l	4,236,926	5,140,244	Discounted cashflow	3,825,922	2,935,158
Foresight VCT (Lux) 2 S.a.r.l	10,854	10,854	Cost	10,854	10,854
	4,247,780	5,151,098		3,836,776	2,946,012
Spanish Solar Project					
Foresight Luxembourg Solar 2 S.a.r.l.***	2,325,786	856,958	Estimated sales proceeds	2,325,786	988,723
	2,325,786	856,958		2,325,786	988,723
	26,424,125	40,120,527		29,372,501	41,697,188
C Shares Fund					
New Kaine Solar Project*					
Solektra Limited	1,728,528	1,749,746	Discounted cashflow	2,000,000	2,013,911
	1,728,528	1,749,746		2,000,000	2,013,911
Saron Solar Project*					
Avior Solar Limited	3,951,055	3,368,232	Discounted cashflow	4,000,000	3,993,650
	3,951,055	3,368,232		4,000,000	3,993,650
EOSOL Solar Project					
Skibo Solar III Limited	950,000	950,000	Cost	—	—
	950,000	950,000		—	—
Scorpii Solar Limited****	3,855,877	3,855,877	Cost	4,000,000	4,000,000
	3,855,877	3,855,877		4,000,000	4,000,000
	10,485,460	9,923,855		10,000,000	10,007,561
D Shares Fund					
Shaftesbury Solar I Limited****	1,619,938	1,619,938	Cost	—	—
	1,619,938	1,619,938		—	—
	1,619,938	1,619,938		—	—

All of the above project investments, with the exception of Greensite are held indirectly through investment holding companies. At the balance sheet date in both the current and prior year cash may be held in the holding companies prior to investment in the solar farms.

*Amount invested in UK solar projects has decreased since the prior year due to £3,824,000 (2015: £2,263,000) of loan stock repayments made during the year.

**These investments were refinanced during the year.

*** Valuation based on estimated sales proceeds of €1,036,000, at an exchange rate of £0.82718/€

**** These investments relate to cash which has not yet been invested in projects at year end.

Details of projects by value are shown on pages 15 to 17.

Investment Summary continued

Ordinary Shares Portfolio

The Ordinary Shares fund has invested in the below projects via the investment vehicles listed on page 14.

Kent Solar

Kent solar farm is located in Kent in South East England and has a nominal capacity of 4,850kW. Kent solar farm was connected to the grid and has been producing energy since July 2011. During the year to 30 June 2016 the plant has performed in line with the expected level of production.

First investment	August 2011	Year ended	31 March 2015
			£'000
Voting rights within each project investment vehicle	49%	Income	1,844
Dividend and interest income receivable by the VCT in the year	£45,111	Profit before tax	95
Equity at cost	£545,332	Retained profit	180
Loan stock at cost	£797,515	Net assets	180
Equity and loan stock at fair value as at 30 June 2016	£3,291,541		

Puriton Solar

Puriton solar farm is located in Puriton, Sedgemoor, in South West England, and has a nominal capacity of 3,451 kW. Puriton solar farm was connected to the grid in two phases. Phase I has been producing energy since July 2011 and phase II has been producing energy since October 2011. During the year to 30 June 2016 the plant has performed above the expected level of production.

First investment	February 2012	Year ended	31 March 2015
			£'000
Voting rights within each project investment vehicle	49%	Income	1,792
Dividend and interest income receivable by the VCT in the year	£26,796	Profit before tax	199
Equity at cost	£331,130	Retained profit	(1,608)
Loan stock at cost	£455,508	Net liabilities	(1,608)
Equity and loan stock at fair value at 30 June 2016	£3,005,341		

Bridgewater Solar

Bridgewater solar farm is located in Summerway Drove, Bridgewater, in South West England, and has a nominal capacity of 1,746 kW. Bridgewater solar farm was connected to the grid in two phases. Phase I has been producing energy since July 2011 and phase II has been producing energy since November 2011. During the year to 30 June 2016 the plant has performed above the expected level of production.

First investment	February 2012	Year ended	31 March 2015
			£'000
Voting rights within each project investment vehicle	49%	Income	860
Dividend and interest income receivable by the VCT in the year	£11,073	Profit before tax	78
Equity at cost	£136,826	Retained profit	(1,175)
Loan stock at cost	£188,227	Net liabilities	(1,175)
Equity and loan stock at fair value at 30 June 2016	£1,239,733		

Malmesbury Solar

Malmesbury solar farm is located in Malmesbury, Wiltshire, and has a nominal capacity of 5,000 kW. Malmesbury solar farm was connected to the grid and has been producing energy since July 2011. During the year to 30 June 2016 the plant has performed above the expected level of production.

First investment	December 2011	Year ended	31 March 2015
			£'000
Voting rights within each project investment vehicle	49%	Income	1,979
Dividend and interest income receivable by the VCT in the year	£21,464	Profit before tax	157
Equity at cost	£268,816	Retained profit	(2,698)
Loan stock at cost	£355,186	Net liabilities	(2,698)
Equity and loan stock at fair value at 30 June 2016	£4,558,092		



Investment Summary continued

Ordinary Shares Portfolio

The Ordinary Share fund has invested in the below projects via the investment vehicles listed on page 14.

Turweston Solar

Turweston solar farm is located in Westbury, Wiltshire, in South West England, and has a nominal capacity of 12,800 kW. Turweston solar farm was connected to the grid in December 2014. Since acquisition in December 2014 the plant has underperformed compared to the expected level of production. This is mainly due to scheduled disconnections from the grid.

First investment	December 2014	Year ended	31 December 2015
			£'000
Voting rights	49%	Income	21
Dividend and interest income receivable by the VCT in the year	£558,222	Profit before tax	9
Equity at cost	£6,924,631	Retained profit	9
Loan stock at cost	£9,521,510	Net Assets	10
Equity and loan stock at fair value as at 30 June 2016	£21,653,164		

Greensite Limited

Greensite solar farm is located in Hereford, Herefordshire, in West Midlands, and has a nominal capacity of 100 kW. Greensite solar farm was connected in April 2011. During the year to 30 June 2015 the plant's performance was below expectation due to a technical issue which has since been resolved.

First investment	March 2013	Year ended	31 March 2015
			£'000
Voting rights	100%	Income	28
Dividend and interest income receivable by the VCT in the year	—	Profit before tax	(6)
Equity at cost	£325,878	Retained profit	(717)
Loan stock at cost	—	Net assets	283
Equity and loan stock at fair value at 30 June 2016	£364,600		

Italian Solar

These plants are a joint venture with VEI Capital, an investment fund owned by five Italian institutions including Generali and Intesa. CDC, the French infrastructure investor is also part of the venture.

First investment	June 2011	Year ended	31 March 2015
			€'000
% Equity/voting rights within each project investment vehicle	7.8%	Income	429
Dividend and interest income receivable by the VCT in the year	£163,796	Loss before tax	(61)
Equity at cost	} including Foresight VCT (Lux) 1 and Foresight VCT (Lux) 2	Retained loss	(66)
Loan stock at cost		£4,184,649	Net liabilities
Equity and loan stock at fair value at 30 June 2016	£5,151,098		

Spanish Solar

Foresight Luxembourg Solar 2 S.a.r.l is the holding vehicle for an operating Spanish solar photovoltaic plant. Foresight funds, together with the Italian family office GWM, are co-owners of the plant which has been operating since September 2008 and producing electricity that is supplied to the electricity grid. It benefits from an attractive feed-in tariff which is no longer available to new projects and is performing reliably but cash flows have been impacted by a retrospective cap on production enforced by the Spanish government. Foresight arranged a project finance facility alongside the equity to finance the acquisition of the plant.

First investment	June 2011	Year ended	31 December 2015
			€'000
% Equity/voting rights within each project investment vehicle	14%	Income	6,671
Dividend and interest income receivable by the VCT in the year	—	Profit before tax	863
Equity at cost	£2,325,786	Retained profit	357
Loan stock at cost	—	Net assets	7,169
Equity at fair value at 30 June 2016	£856,958		

C Shares Portfolio

The C Shares fund has invested in the below projects via the investment vehicles listed on page 14.

New Kaine Solar

New Kaine solar farm is located in Kent in South East England and has a nominal capacity of 1,692kW. New Kaine Solar Farm was connected to the grid and has been producing energy since March 2015. Since acquisition in March 2015 the plant performed above the expected level of production.

First investment	March 2015	Year ended	30 September 2015
			£'000
Voting rights	49%	Income	178
Dividend and interest income receivable by the VCT in the year	£22,436	Profit before tax	50
Equity at cost	£1,400,000	Retained profit	40
Loan stock at cost	£328,528	Net Assets	40
Equity and loan stock at FV as at 30 June 2016	£1,749,746		

Saron Solar

Saron solar farm is located in Carmarthenshire in South Wales and has a nominal capacity of 5,565.60 kW. Saron Solar Farm was connected to the grid and has been producing energy since March 2015. Since acquisition in March 2015 the plant performed above the expected level of production.

First investment	March 2015	Year ended	30 September 2015
			£'000
Voting rights	49%	Income	534
Dividend and interest income receivable by the VCT in the year	£59,031	Profit before tax	106
Equity at cost	£2,800,000	Retained profit	105
Loan stock at cost	£1,151,055	Net Assets	106
Equity and loan stock at FV as at 30 June 2016	£3,368,232		

EOSOL Solar

EOSOL is a 3.6MWdc solar farm is located in California, USA. It was acquired in September 2015.

First investment	September 2015	Year ended	30 September 2015
			£'000
Voting rights	55%	Income	—
Dividend and interest income receivable by the VCT in the year	—	Profit before tax	—
Equity at cost	£950,000	Retained profit	—
Loan stock at cost	—	Net Assets	—
Equity and loan stock at FV as at 30 June 2016	£950,000		

Scorpii Solar Limited has not yet invested into any projects via the investment vehicles listed on page 14.

D Shares Portfolio

The D Shares fund has not yet invested into any projects via the investment vehicles listed on page 14.

Co-investing funds

Foresight Group also manages or advises Foresight VCT plc, Foresight 3 VCT plc, Foresight 4 VCT plc, Foresight Environmental Fund LP, Foresight European Solar Fund LP, Foresight Solar EIS, Foresight Solar EIS 2, Foresight Solar EIS 3, Foresight Solar EIS 4, Foresight Solar EIS 5, Foresight Inheritance Tax Solutions, UK Waste Resources and Energy Investments LP, Foresight Sustainable UK Investment Fund, Foresight Nottingham Fund LP, Foresight Solar Fund Limited, Foresight AD EIS, Recycling and Waste LP, The Waste Asset LP, Foresight Energy Infrastructure EIS and Foresight Regional Investment LP.

Note all UK investments not fully held by Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc have the remainder held by Foresight Solar EIS funds.



Board of Directors

“The differing career backgrounds and experience of the Directors is designed to bring a complementary balance of skills, knowledge and wisdom to the management of the Company’s affairs.”

David Hurst-Brown Chairman

David Hurst-Brown Chairman

was appointed as Chairman of the Board with effect from 6 August 2012, following the death of Lord Maples. Having graduated as a Production Engineer he worked for over 25 years in the investment banking industry. Prior to his retirement from UBS in 2002 he had worked for 15 years as an executive in the corporate finance division of UBS Warburg. Since then David has been a non-executive director for a number of UK listed companies and is currently Chairman of Hargreave Hale AIM VCT 2 plc.

Mike Liston OBE Director

has more than 20 years experience in the electricity industry and is currently non-executive chairman of Renewable Energy Generation Ltd and a non-executive director of Jersey Electricity plc. As chief executive for 17 years of this LSE-listed utility, he was involved in several major power generation, transmission and distribution infrastructure projects. Mike was also non-executive chairman of AIM-listed KSK Emerging India Energy Fund which raised almost £100 million to invest in India’s power and energy sector. He is a director of the general partner of Foresight Group’s first solar power fund, Foresight European Solar Fund GP Limited. Mike is a Fellow of the Royal Academy of Engineering and is a Fellow of The Institution of Engineering and Technology. Mike is considered non-independent by virtue of the fact that he is a Director of another Foresight Group managed fund.

Tim Dowlen Director

was a divisional director for seven years until September 2016 of City-based Lloyd’s insurance broking firm Tasker & Partners, where he was responsible for developing the firm’s retail insurance activities. Tim first became a director of insurance broking companies in 1973. He was for many years the Senior Examiner in Liability Insurance to the Chartered Insurance Institute. Tim is also a practising expert witness and has been instructed by law firms to give evidence in over 100 insurance disputes. Tim’s experience with the venture capital sector, acting as insurance broker to fund managers and other financial institutions, goes back to 1974.

Directors' Report

The Directors present their report and the audited accounts of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2016.

Activities and status

Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc invests mainly in unquoted companies that generate electricity from solar power systems and benefit from long-term government related price guarantees.

Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc is approved by HMRC as a venture capital trust (VCT) in accordance with Part 6 of the Income Tax Act 2007. It is intended that the business of the Company be carried on so as to maintain its VCT status.

Results and dividends

The total loss attributable to equity shareholders for the year amounted to £1,786,000 (2015: profit £5,580,000). The Board paid two interim dividends of both 3.0p per Ordinary Share and 2.5p per C Share each on 13 November 2015 and 8 April 2016.

Net asset value total return

During the year ended 30 June 2016 the Company's principal indicator of performance, net asset value total return (including dividends paid since launch), per Ordinary Share decreased 2.5% from 126.9p per share at 30 June 2015 to 123.7p per share at 30 June 2016.

The net asset value total return (including dividends paid since launch) per C Share has decreased 6.4% from 96.7p per share at 30 June 2015 to 90.5p per share at 30 June 2016.

Share buybacks

During the year the Company repurchased 26,094 Ordinary Shares for cancellation at a cost of £27,000. No shares bought back by the company are held in treasury. Share buybacks have been completed at a discount of 0.7% to net asset value.

There were no C or D Share buybacks during the year.

Global greenhouse gas emissions

The Company has no greenhouse gas emissions to report from the operations of the Company, nor does it have responsibility for any other emissions sources under the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Reports) regulations 2013.

Principal risks, risk management and regulatory environment

A summary of the principal risks faced by the Company are set out in the Strategic Report on page 8.

Management

Foresight Group is the Manager of the Company and provides investment management and other administrative services.

Annually, the Management Engagement & Remuneration Committee reviews the appropriateness of the Manager's appointment. In carrying out its review, the Management Engagement & Remuneration Committee considers the investment performance of the Company and the ability of the Manager to produce satisfactory investment performance. It also considers the length of the notice period of the investment management contract and fees payable to the Manager, together with the standard of other services provided which include Company Secretarial services. It is the Directors' opinion that the continuing appointment of the Manager on the terms agreed is in the interests of shareholders as a whole. The last review was undertaken on 20 September 2016. Foresight Fund Managers Limited is the Secretary of the Company. The principal terms of the management agreement are set out in note 3 to the accounts.

No Director has an interest in any contract to which the Company is a party. Foresight Group acts as manager to the Company in respect of its investments and earned fees of £808,000 (2015: £821,000) during the year. Foresight Fund Managers Limited received £170,000 (2015: £167,000) during the year in respect of secretarial, administrative and custodian services to the Company. Foresight Group also received from investee companies arrangement fees of £49,000 (2015: £579,000).

Foresight Group is also a party to the performance incentive agreements described in Note 13 to the Financial Statements. All amounts are stated, where applicable, net of Value Added Tax.

VCT status monitoring

The Company has retained RW Blears LLP as legal and VCT status advisers on, inter alia, compliance with legislative requirements. The Directors monitor the Company's VCT status at meetings of the Board.

Substantial shareholdings

So far as the Directors are aware, there were no individual shareholdings representing 3% or more of the Company's issued share capital at the date of this report.

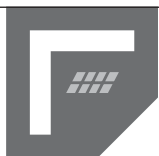
Financial instruments

Details of all financial instruments used by the Company during the year are given in note 15 to the accounts.

Directors indemnification and insurance

The Directors have the benefit of indemnities under the articles of association of the Company against, to the extent only as permitted by law, liabilities they may incur acting in their capacity as Directors of the Company.

An insurance policy is maintained by the Company which indemnifies the Directors of the Company against certain liabilities that may arise in the conduct of their duties. There is no cover against fraudulent or dishonest actions.



Directors' Report continued

Policy of paying creditors

The Company does not subscribe to a particular code but follows a policy whereby suppliers are paid by the due date and investment purchases are settled in accordance with the stated terms. At the year end trade creditors represented an average credit period of 2 days (2015: 7 days).

Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (AIFMD)

The AIFMD came into force on 22 July 2013 and sets out the rules for the authorisation and on-going regulation of managers (AIFMs) that manage alternative investment funds (AIFs) in the EU. The Company qualifies as an AIF and so will be required to comply, although additional cost and administration requirements are not expected to be material.

The Company's application was completed in June 2014 and approval was confirmed in August 2014. This did not affect the current arrangements with the Manager, who has continued to report to the Board and manage the Company's investments on a discretionary basis. The first submission was made in January 2015.

Audit Information

Pursuant to Section 418(2) of the Companies Act 2006, each of the Directors confirms that (a) so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and (b) they have taken all steps they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of such information.

Section 992 of the Companies Act

The following disclosures are made in accordance with Section 992 of the Companies Act 2006.

Capital Structure

The Company's issued share capital as at 27 October 2016 was 38,290,862 Ordinary Shares, 12,509,245 C Shares and 2,496,781 D Shares.

The Ordinary Shares represent 71.8% of the total share capital, the C Shares represent 23.5% of the total share capital and the D Shares represent 4.7% of the total share capital. Further information on the share capital of the Company is detailed in note 11 of the notes to the financial statements.

Voting Rights in the Company's shares

Details of the voting rights in the Company's shares at the date of this report are given in note 5 in the Notice of Annual General Meeting on page 58.

Notifiable interests in the Company's voting rights

At the date of this report no notifiable interests had been declared in the Company's voting rights.

Auditor

In accordance with Section 489 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution to re-appoint KPMG LLP as the Company's auditor will be put to the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Companies Act 2006 Disclosures

In accordance with Schedule 7 of the Large and Medium Size Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008, as amended, the Directors disclose the following information:

- the Company's capital structure and voting rights are summarised above, and there are no restrictions on voting rights nor any agreement between holders of securities that result in restrictions on the transfer of securities or on voting rights;
- there exist no securities carrying special rights with regard to the control of the Company;
- the rules concerning the appointment and replacement of directors, amendment of the Articles of Association and powers to issue or buy back the Company's shares are contained in the Articles of Association of the Company and the Companies Act 2006;
- the Company does not have any employee share scheme;
- there exist no agreements to which the Company is party that may affect its control following a takeover bid; and
- there exist no agreements between the Company and its Directors providing for compensation for loss of office that may occur following a takeover bid or for any other reason.

Conflicts of interest

The Directors have declared any conflicts or potential conflicts of interest to the Board which has the authority to approve such conflicts. The Company Secretary maintains the Register of Directors' Conflicts of Interest which is reviewed quarterly by the Board and when changes are notified. The Directors advise the Company Secretary and Board as soon as they become aware of any conflicts of interest. Directors who have conflicts of interest do not take part in discussions concerning their own conflicts.

Foresight Group as investment manager, manages several funds that invest in solar projects. To ensure that projects are allocated equitably between funds, a third party review of allocation decisions is carried out by qualified risk managers.

Whistleblowing

The Board has been informed that the Manager has arrangements in place in accordance with the UK Corporate Governance Code's recommendations by which staff of the Manager or Secretary of the Company may, in confidence, raise concerns within their respective organisations about possible improprieties in matters of financial reporting or other matters. On the basis of that information, adequate arrangements are in place for the proportionate and independent investigation of such matters and, where necessary, for appropriate follow-up action to be taken within their respective organisations.

Going concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the Strategic Report on pages 5 to 9. The financial position of the Company, its cash flows, liquidity position and borrowing facilities are referred to in the Chairman's Statement, Strategic Report and Notes to the Accounts. In addition, the financial statements include the Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing its capital; its financial risk management objectives; details of its financial instruments and hedging activities; and its exposures to credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company has sufficient financial resources together with investments and income generated therefrom across a variety of industries and sectors. As a consequence, the Directors believe that the Company is able to manage its business risks.

Cash flow projections have been reviewed and show that the Company has sufficient funds to meet both its contracted expenditure and its discretionary cash outflows in the form of share buy backs and dividends. The Company has no external loan finance in place and therefore is not exposed to any gearing covenants, although its underlying investments may have external loan finance.

The Directors have reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Directors remuneration

Following changes to the Companies Act 2006, UK investment companies must comply with new regulations in relation to directors' remuneration. Directors' fees can only be paid in accordance with a remuneration policy which has been approved by shareholders. The company must also publish a Directors' Remuneration Report which complies with a new set of disclosure requirements.

Annual General Meeting

A formal notice convening the Annual General Meeting on 8 December 2016 can be found on pages 57 to 58. Resolutions 1 to 6 will be proposed as ordinary resolutions meaning that for each resolution to be passed more than half of the votes cast at the meeting must be in favour of the resolution. Resolutions 7 and 8 will be proposed as special resolutions meaning that for each resolution to be passed at least 75% of the votes cast at the meeting must be in favour of the resolution. Resolutions 7 to 8 will be in substitute for existing authorities and are explained below.

Resolution 6

Resolution 6 will authorise the Directors to allot relevant securities generally, in accordance with Section 551 of the Companies Act 2006, up to an aggregate nominal amount of £200,000 (representing approximately 37.5% of the current issued share capital of the Company) for the purposes listed under the authority requested under Resolution 7. This includes authority to issue shares pursuant to the

performance incentive fee arrangements with Foresight Group and top-up offers for subscription to raise new funds for the Company if the Board believes this to be in the best interests of the Company. Any offer is intended to be at an offer price linked to NAV. The authority conferred by Resolution 6 will expire on the fifth anniversary of the passing of the resolution.

Resolution 7

Resolution 7 will sanction, in a limited manner, the disapplication of pre-emption rights in respect of the allotment of equity securities (i) with an aggregate nominal value of up to £100,000 in each class of share in the Company pursuant to offer(s) for subscription, (ii) with an aggregate nominal value of up to £10,000 by way of issue of C Shares pursuant to any dividend investment scheme operated from time to time by the Company (resolution only passed previously for C Shares and is therefore being renewed) (iii) with an aggregate nominal value of up to 10% of the issued share capital of each class of share in the Company pursuant to the performance incentive arrangements with Foresight Group CI Limited and (iv) with an aggregate nominal value of up to 10% of the issued share capital in each class of share in the Company, in each case where the proceeds of such issue may in whole or in part be used to purchase the Company's shares. This authority will expire at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held in 2017 and will be in substitution for all other existing authorities.

Resolution 8

It is proposed by Resolution 8 that the Company be empowered to make market purchases (within the meaning of Section 693(4) of the Companies Act 2006) of its own shares. Under this authority the Directors may purchase up to 5,739,800 Ordinary Shares and 1,875,136 C Shares and 374,267 D Shares (representing approximately 14.99% of each share class at the date of this Annual Report). When buying shares, the Company cannot pay a price per share which is more than 105% of the average of the middle market quotation for shares taken from the London Stock Exchange daily official list on the five business days preceding the day on which shares are purchased or, if greater, the amount stipulated by Article 5(1) of the Buyback and Stabilisation Regulation 2003. This authority shall expire at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held in 2017.

Whilst, generally, the Company does not expect shareholders will want to sell their shares within five years of acquiring them because this may lead to a loss of tax relief, the Directors anticipate that from time to time a shareholder may need to sell shares within this period. Front end VCT income tax relief is only obtainable by an investor who makes an investment in new shares issued by the Company. This means that an investor may be willing to pay more for new shares issued by the Company than he would pay to buy shares from an existing shareholder. Therefore, in the interest of shareholders who may need to sell shares from time to time, the Company proposes to renew the authority to buy-in shares for the benefit of new as well as existing shareholders. This authority when coupled with the ability to issue new shares for the purposes of financing a purchase of shares in the Market, enables one company to purchase shares from a shareholder and effectively to sell on those shares through the company to a



Directors' Report continued

new investor with the potential benefit of full VCT tax relief. In making purchases the company will deal only with member firms of the London Stock Exchange at a discount to the then prevailing net asset value per share of the company's shares to ensure that existing shareholders are not disadvantaged.

Separate Meetings of the Ordinary Shareholders, C Shareholders and D Shareholders

Formal notices convening separate meetings of Ordinary Shareholders, C Shareholders and D Shareholders also to be held on 8 December 2016, can be found on pages 59 to 64. The resolutions proposed at these meetings, if passed, will approve the passing of Resolutions 6 and 8 to be proposed at the Annual General Meeting and will sanction any modification of the rights attaching to Ordinary Shares, C Shares and D Shares resulting therefrom.

The resolutions to be proposed at the separate meetings of Ordinary Shareholders, C Shareholders and D Shareholders will be proposed as special resolutions meaning that for each resolution to be passed at least 75% of the votes cast at the relevant meeting must be in favour of the resolution.

By order of the Board

Foresight Fund Managers Limited

Secretary

28 October 2016

Corporate Governance

The Directors of Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc confirm that the Company has taken the appropriate steps to enable it to comply with the Principles set out in Section 1 of the UK Corporate Governance Code on Corporate Governance ('UK Corporate Governance Code') issued by the Financial Reporting Council in September 2014, as appropriate for a Venture Capital Trust.

As a Venture Capital Trust, the Company's day-to-day responsibilities are delegated to third parties and the Directors are all Non-Executive. Thus not all the procedures of the UK Corporate Governance Code are directly applicable to the Company. Unless noted as an exception below, the requirements of the UK Corporate Governance Code were complied with throughout the year ended 30 June 2016. The Annual General Meeting was convened on at least 24 days' notice but not 20 business days' notice as recommended in the UK Corporate Governance Code.

The Board

The Company at present has a Board comprising the Chairman and two other Non-Executive Directors. The Chairman and Tim Dowlen are considered to be independent. Mike Liston is considered non-independent by virtue of the fact that he is a Director of another Foresight Group managed fund.

The Board is responsible to shareholders for the proper management of the Company and meets at least quarterly and more often on an ad hoc basis as required. It has formally adopted a schedule of matters that are required to be brought to it for decision, thus ensuring that it maintains full and effective control over appropriate strategic, financial, operational and compliance issues. A management agreement between the Company and its Manager sets out the matters over which the Manager has authority, including monitoring and managing the existing investment portfolio and the limits above which Board approval must be sought. All other matters are reserved for the approval of the Board of Directors. The Manager, in the absence of explicit instruction from the Board, is empowered to exercise discretion in the use of the Company's voting rights.

Individual Directors may, at the expense of the Company, seek independent professional advice on any matter that concerns them in the furtherance of their duties. In view of its non-executive nature and the requirements of the Articles of Association that all Directors retire by rotation at the Annual General Meeting, the Board considers that it is not appropriate for the Directors to be appointed for a specific term as recommended by provision B.23 of the UK Corporate Governance Code. Non-independent Directors and Directors who have been on the Board for more than nine years are required to retire annually.

Full details of duties and obligations are provided at the time of appointment and are supplemented by further details as requirements change, although there is no formal induction programme for Directors as recommended by provision B.4.1.

The Board has appointed a Company Secretary who also attends all Board meetings. A representative of the Company Secretary attends all formal Committee Meetings although the Directors may meet without the Manager being present. Informal meetings with management are also held between Committee Meetings as required. The Company Secretary ensures full information is provided to the Board in advance of each Committee Meeting.

Meeting attendance during the year

	Board	Audit
Mike Liston	5/5	2/2
Tim Dowlen	5/5	2/2
David Hurst-Brown	5/5	2/2

One meeting for each of the nomination and remuneration committees took place during the year, which were attended by all three directors.

In light of the responsibilities retained by the Board and its committees and of the responsibilities delegated to Foresight Group and RW Blears LLP, the Company has not appointed a chief executive officer, deputy Chairman or a senior independent non-executive Director as recommended by provision A.4.1 of the UK Corporate Governance Code. The provisions of the UK Corporate Governance Code which relate to the division of responsibilities between a Chairman and a chief executive officer are, accordingly, not applicable to the Company.

Board committees

The Board has adopted formal terms of reference, which are available to view by writing to the Company Secretary at the registered office, for three standing committees which make recommendations to the Board in specific areas.

The Audit Committee comprises Mike Liston (Chairman), David Hurst-Brown and Tim Dowlen, all of whom are considered to have sufficient recent and relevant financial experience to discharge the role, and meets, amongst other things, to consider the following:

- Monitor the integrity of the financial statements of the Company and approve the accounts;
- Review the Company's internal control and risk management systems;
- Make recommendations to the Board in relation to the appointment of the external auditors;
- Review and monitor the external auditors' independence; and
- Implement and review the Company's policy on the engagement of the external auditors to supply non-audit services.

As a result of the tender process carried out in 2013, the Board appointed KPMG LLP as the company's auditor. In relation to taxation services, Cornel Partners Limited have been engaged by the Board.



Corporate Governance continued

The Directors have decided to propose the reappointment of KPMG LLP as auditor and a resolution concerning this will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

The Nomination Committee comprises David Hurst-Brown (Chairman), Mike Liston and Tim Dowlen and intends to meet at least annually to consider the composition and balance of skills, knowledge and experience of the Board and to make nominations to the Board in the event of a vacancy. New Directors are required to resign at the Annual General Meeting following appointment and then every three years by rotation.

The Board believes that, as a whole, it has an appropriate balance of skills, experience and knowledge. The Board also believes that diversity of experience and approach, including gender diversity, amongst Board members is important and it is the Company's policy to give careful consideration to issues of Board balance and diversity when making new appointments.

The Management Engagement & Remuneration Committee (which has responsibility for reviewing the remuneration of the Directors) comprises David Hurst-Brown (Chairman), Mike Liston and Tim Dowlen and meets at least annually to consider the levels of remuneration of the Directors, specifically reflecting the time commitment and responsibilities of the role. The Management Engagement & Remuneration committee also undertakes external comparisons and reviews to ensure that the levels of remuneration paid are broadly in line with industry standards. The Management Engagement & Remuneration Committee also reviews the appointment and terms of engagement of the Manager.

Copies of the terms of reference of each of the Company's committees can be obtained from the Manager upon request.

Board evaluation

The Board undertakes a formal annual evaluation of its own performance and that of its committees, as recommended by provision B.6 of the UK Corporate Governance Code. Initially, the evaluation takes the form of a questionnaire for the Board (and its committees). The Chairman then discusses the results with the Board (and its committees) and following completion of this stage of the evaluation, the Chairman will take appropriate action to address any issues arising from the process.

Relations with Shareholders

The Company communicates with shareholders and solicits their views where it considers it is appropriate to do so. Individual shareholders are welcomed to the Annual General Meeting where they have the opportunity to ask questions of the Directors, including the Chairman, as well as the Chairman of the Audit, Remuneration and Nomination Committees. The Board may from time to time seek feedback through shareholder questionnaires and an open invitation for shareholders to meet the Manager. The Company is not aware of any institutions owning shares in the Company.

Internal control

The Directors of Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc have overall responsibility for the Company's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness.

The internal controls system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risks of failure to achieve the Company's business objectives. The system is designed to meet the particular needs of the Company and the risks to which it is exposed and by its nature can provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against misstatement or loss.

The Board's appointment of Foresight Group as accountant and administrator has delegated the financial administration to Foresight Group. It has an established system of financial control, including internal financial controls, to ensure that proper accounting records are maintained and that financial information for use within the business and for reporting to shareholders is accurate and reliable and that the Company's assets are safeguarded.

RW Blears LLP provide legal advice and assistance in relation to the maintenance of VCT tax status, the operation of the agreements entered into with Foresight Group and the application of the venture capital trust legislation to any company in which the Company is proposing to invest.

Foresight Fund Managers Limited was appointed by the Board as Company Secretary with responsibilities relating to the administration of the non-financial systems of internal control. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary, who is responsible to the Board for ensuring that Board procedures and applicable rules and regulations are complied with.

Pursuant to the terms of its appointment, Foresight Group invests the Company's assets in venture capital and other investments and in its capacity as administrator has physical custody of documents of title relating to equity investments.

Following publication of Internal Control: Guidance for Directors on the UK Corporate Governance Code (the Turnbull guidance), the Board confirms that there is a continuous process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Company, that has been in place for the year under review and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements, and that this process is regularly reviewed by the Board and accords with the guidance. The process is based principally on the Manager's existing risk-based approach to internal control whereby a test matrix is created that identifies the key functions carried out by the Manager and other service providers, the individual activities undertaken within those functions, the risks associated with each activity and the controls employed to minimise those risks. A residual risk rating is then applied. The Board is provided with reports highlighting all material changes to the risk ratings and confirming the action, that has been, or is being, taken. This process covers consideration of the key business, operational, compliance and financial risks facing the Company and includes consideration of the risks associated with the Company's

arrangements with Foresight Group, Foresight Fund Managers Limited and RW Blears LLP.

The Audit Committee has carried out a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control, together with a review of the operational and compliance controls and risk management, as it operated during the year and reported its conclusions to the Board which was satisfied with the outcome of the review.

Such review procedures have been in place throughout the full financial year and up to the date of approval of the accounts, and the Board is satisfied with their effectiveness. These procedures are designed to manage rather than eliminate risk and, by their nature, can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board monitors the investment performance of the Company in comparison to its objective at each Board meeting. The Board also reviews the Company's activities since the last Board meeting to ensure that the Manager adheres to the agreed investment policy and approved investment guidelines and, if necessary, approves changes to such policy and guidelines.

The Board has reviewed the need for an internal audit function. It has decided that the systems and procedures employed by the Manager, the Audit Committee and other third party advisers provide sufficient assurance that a sound system of internal control, which safeguards shareholders' investment and the Company's assets, is maintained. In addition, the Company's financial statements are audited by external auditors. An internal audit function, specific to the Company, is therefore considered unnecessary.

The Board has concluded that, given the appointment of Foresight Group as Company accountant and the role of the Audit Committee, it is not necessary to establish an internal audit function at the current time but this policy will be kept under review.

Directors' Professional Development

Full details of duties and obligations are provided at the time of appointment and are supplemented by further details as requirements change, although there is no formal induction programme for the Directors as recommended by provision B.4.1. Directors are also provided on a regular basis with key information on the Company's policies, regulatory and statutory requirements and internal controls. Changes affecting Directors' responsibilities are advised to the Board as they arise. Directors also participate in industry seminars.

UK Stewardship Code

The Manager has endorsed the UK Stewardship Code published by the FRC. This sets out the responsibilities of institutional investors in relation to the companies in which they invest and a copy of this can be found on the Manager's website at www.foresightgroup.eu.

Bribery Act 2010

The Company is committed to carrying out business fairly, honestly and openly. The Manager has established policies and procedures to prevent bribery within its organisation.

David Hurst-Brown

Director
28 October 2016



Audit Committee Report

The Audit Committee has identified and considered the following key areas of risk in relation to the business activities and financial statements of the company:

- Valuation and existence of unquoted investments; and
- Compliance with HM Revenue & Customs conditions for maintenance of approved Venture Capital Trust Status.

These issues were discussed with the Manager and the auditor at the conclusion of the audit of the financial statements, as explained below:

Valuation of unquoted investments

The Directors have met quarterly to assess the appropriateness of the estimates and judgements made by the Manager in the investment valuations. As a Venture Capital Trust the Company's investments are predominantly in unlisted securities, which can be difficult to value and requires the application of skill, knowledge and judgement by the Board and Audit Committee. During the valuation process the Board and Audit Committee and the Manager follow the valuation methodologies for unlisted investments as set out in the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation guidelines and appropriate industry valuation benchmarks. These valuation policies are set out in Note 1 of the accounts. These were then further reviewed by the Audit Committee. The Manager confirmed to the Audit Committee that the investment valuations had been calculated consistently with prior periods and in accordance with published industry guidelines, taking account of the latest available information about investee companies and current market data. Furthermore, the Manager held discussions regarding the investment valuations with the auditor.

Venture capital trust status

Maintaining venture capital trust status and adhering to the tax rules of section 274 of ITA 2007 requires a certain element of judgement from management, but is critical to both the Company and its shareholders for them to retain their VCT tax benefits.

The Manager confirmed to the Audit Committee that the conditions for maintaining the Company's status as an approved venture capital trust had been met throughout the year. The Manager obtains legal advice from RW Blears LLP and reviews the Company's qualifying status in advance of realisations being made and throughout the year. The Audit Committee is in regular contact with the Manager and any potential issues with Venture Capital Trust Status would be discussed at or between formal meetings. In addition, an external third party review of Venture Capital Trust Status is conducted by RW Blears LLP

on a quarterly basis and this is reported to both the Board and Audit Committee and the Manager.

The Manager and auditor confirmed to the Audit Committee that they were not aware of any material misstatements. Having reviewed the reports received from the Manager, the auditor and RW Blears LLP, the Audit Committee is satisfied that the key areas of risk and judgement have been addressed appropriately in the financial statements and that the significant assumptions used in determining the value of assets and liabilities have been properly appraised and are sufficiently robust.

Evaluation of auditor

The Audit Committee considers that KPMG LLP has carried out its duties as auditor in a diligent and professional manner. During the year, the Audit Committee assessed the effectiveness of the current external audit process by assessing and discussing specific audit documentation presented to it in accordance with guidance issued by the Auditing Practices Board. The audit director is rotated every five years ensuring that objectivity and independence is not impaired. The current audit director has been in place for two year ends. KPMG LLP was appointed as auditor in 2013, with their first audit for the year ended 30 June 2014. No tender for the audit of the Company has been undertaken since this date. As part of its review of the continuing appointment of the auditors, the Audit Committee considers the need to put the audit out to tender, its fees and independence from the Manager along with any matters raised during each audit.

The Audit Committee considered the performance of the auditor during the year and agreed that KPMG LLP provided a high level of service and maintained a good knowledge of the venture capital trust market, making sure audit quality continued to be maintained.

Mike Liston

Audit Committee Chairman
28 October 2016

Directors' Remuneration Report

Introduction

The Board has prepared this report, in accordance with the requirements of Schedule 8 of the Large and Medium Sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. An ordinary resolution for the approval of this report will be put to the members at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The law requires the Company's auditor, KPMG LLP, to audit certain of the disclosures provided. Where disclosures have been audited, they are indicated as such. The auditors' opinion is included in the Independent Auditor's Report on page 33.

Annual Statement from the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee

The Board which is profiled on page 18 consists solely of non-executive directors and considers at least annually the level of the Boards fees.

Consideration by the Directors of matters relating to Directors' Remuneration

The Management Engagement and Remuneration Committee comprises all three Directors: David Hurst-Brown (Chairman), Mike Liston and Tim Dowlen.

The Management Engagement and Remuneration Committee has responsibility for reviewing the remuneration of the Directors, specifically reflecting the time commitment and responsibilities of the role, and meets at least annually.

The Management Engagement and Remuneration Committee also undertakes external comparisons and reviews to ensure that the levels of remuneration paid are broadly in line with industry standards and members have access to independent advice where they consider it appropriate. During the period neither the Board nor the Management Engagement and Remuneration Committee have been provided with advice or services by any person in respect of its consideration of the Directors' remuneration.

The remuneration policy set by the Board is described below. Individual remuneration packages are determined by the Remuneration Committee within the framework of this policy.

No Director is involved in deciding their own remuneration.

Remuneration policy

The Board's policy is that the remuneration of non-executive Directors should reflect time spent and the responsibilities borne by the Directors on the Company's affairs and should be sufficient to enable candidates of high calibre to be recruited. The levels of Directors' fees paid by the Company for the year ended 30 June 2016 were agreed during the year.

It is considered appropriate that no aspect of Directors' remuneration should be performance related in light of the Directors' non-executive status, and Directors are not eligible for bonuses or other benefits.

The Company's policy is to pay the Directors monthly in arrears, to the Directors personally or to a third party as requested by any Director.

It is the intention of the Board that the remuneration policy will continue to apply in the forthcoming financial year and subsequent years.

Retirement by rotation

All Directors are subject to retirement by rotation. As the Directors are not appointed for a fixed length of time there is no unexpired term to their appointment. However, the Directors will retire by rotation as follows:

M Liston	AGM 2016
M Liston	AGM 2017
M Liston, T Dowlen, D Hurst-Brown	AGM 2018

Details of individual emoluments and compensation

The emoluments in respect of qualifying services and compensation of each person who served as a Director during the year are as shown on page 28. No Director has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments from the Company in the current year.

No other remuneration was paid or payable by the Company during the year nor were any expenses claimed or paid to them other than for expenses incurred wholly, necessarily and exclusively in furtherance of their duties as Directors of the Company.

Director liability insurance is held by the Company in respect of the Directors.

Total shareholder return

The graph on the following page charts the total shareholder return from launch to 30 June 2016, on the hypothetical value of £100 invested by a shareholder. The return is compared to the total shareholder return on a notional investment of £100 in the WilderHill New Energy Global Innovation Index, which is considered by the Board an appropriate index against which to measure the Company's performance.



Directors' Remuneration Report continued

Directors

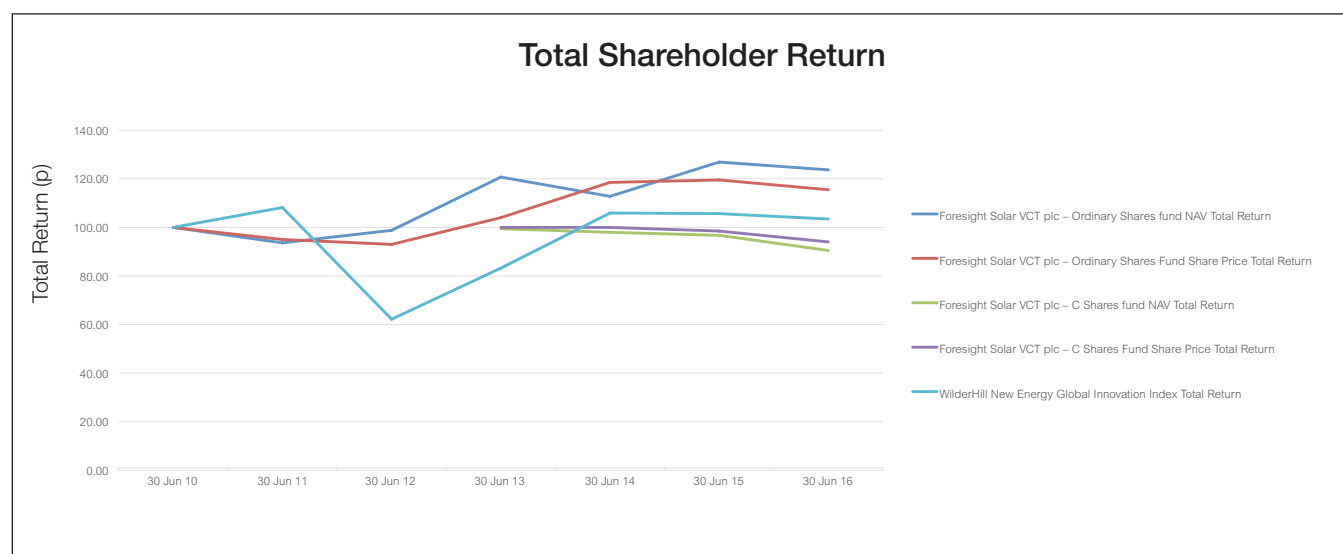
The Directors who held office during the year and their interests in the issued Ordinary Shares, C Shares and D Shares of 1p each of the Company were as follows:

	30 June 2016 Ordinary Shares	30 June 2016 C Shares	30 June 2016 D Shares	30 June 2015 Ordinary Shares	30 June 2015 C Shares	30 June 2015 D Shares
David Hurst-Brown (Chairman)	52,500	—	—	52,500	—	N/A
Tim Dowlen	21,000	9,450	—	21,000	9,450	N/A
Mike Liston	—	—	—	—	—	N/A

All the Directors' share interests shown above were held beneficially.

There have been no changes in the Directors' share interests between 30 June 2016 and the date of this report.

In accordance with the Articles of Association and the requirements of the UK Corporate Governance Code, Mr Liston must retire through rotation and, being eligible, offer himself for re-election. Biographical notes on the Directors are given on page 18. The Board believes that Mr Liston's skills, experience and knowledge continues to complement the other Directors and adds value to the Company and recommends his re-election to the Board. None of the directors has a contract of service with the Company.



Audited Information

The information below has been audited, with the exception of those fees forecast for the year to 30 June 2017. See the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 33 and 34.

	Anticipated Directors' fees (£) for the year ended 30 June 2017	Audited Directors' fees (£) for the year ended 30 June 2016	Audited Directors' fees (£) for the year ended 30 June 2015
David Hurst-Brown	28,250	28,250	27,500
Mike Liston	22,500	22,500	22,000
Tim Dowlen	22,500	22,500	22,000
Total	73,250	73,250	71,500

The Directors are not eligible for pension benefits, share options or long-term incentive schemes.

Votes cast for and against the Directors' Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 June 2015

Shares & percentage of votes cast	Shares & percentage of votes cast
For	Against
96.3%	3.7%
3,538,015 votes	136,375 votes

In accordance with new Companies Act 2006 legislation the chart below sets out the relative importance of spend on pay when compared to distributions to shareholders in the form of dividends and share buybacks.

	Year ended 30 June 2016	Year ended 30 June 2015
Dividends	£2,923,000	£2,925,000
Share buybacks	£27,000	£16,000
Total Shareholder distributions	£2,950,000	£2,941,000
Directors fees	£73,250	£71,500
Directors fees % of Shareholder distributions	2.5%	2.4%

Approval of report

An ordinary resolution for the approval of this Directors' Remuneration Report will be put to shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. In addition to this, Resolution 2, which is seeking shareholder approval for the Directors Remuneration Policy, will, if approved, take effect from the AGM and will be valid for a period of three years unless renewed, varied or revoked by the Company at a general meeting.

This Directors' Remuneration Report was approved by the Board on 28 October 2016 and is signed on its behalf by David Hurst-Brown (Chairman).

On behalf of the Board

David Hurst-Brown

Chairman

28 October 2016



Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements, in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Under applicable law and regulations, the Directors are also responsible for preparing a Directors' Report, Directors' Remuneration Report and Corporate Governance Statement that comply with that law and those regulations.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website (which is delegated to Foresight Group and incorporated into their website). Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

We confirm that to the best of our knowledge:

- the financial statements, prepared in accordance with the applicable set of accounting standards, give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Company;
- the Annual Report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Company together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that the Company faces; and
- the report and accounts, taken as a whole, are fair, balanced, and understandable and provide the necessary information for the shareholders to assess the company's performance, business model and strategy.

On behalf of the Board

David Hurst-Brown
Chairman
28 October 2016

Unaudited Non-Statutory Analysis of the Share Classes

Income Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2016

	Ordinary Shares Fund			C Shares Fund			D Shares Fund		
	Revenue	Capital	Total	Revenue	Capital	Total	Revenue	Capital	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Investment holding gains/losses	—	1,372	1,372	—	(569)	(569)	—	—	—
Income	827	—	827	140	—	140	6	—	6
Investment management fees	(153)	(2,730)	(2,883)	(47)	(141)	(188)	(2)	(5)	(7)
Other expenses	(343)	—	(343)	(131)	—	(131)	(10)	—	(10)
Return/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	331	(1,358)	(1,027)	(38)	(710)	(748)	(6)	(5)	(11)
Taxation	(66)	66	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Return/(loss) on ordinary activities after taxation	265	(1,292)	(1,027)	(38)	(710)	(748)	(6)	(5)	(11)
Return/(loss) per share	0.7p	(3.4)p	(2.7)p	(0.3)p	(5.7)p	(6.0)p	(0.3)p	(0.3)p	(0.6)p

Balance Sheets

at 30 June 2016

	Ordinary Shares Fund £'000	C Shares Fund £'000	D Shares Fund £'000
Fixed assets			
Investments held at fair value through profit or loss	40,121	9,924	1,620
Current assets			
Debtors	408	191	2,015
Money market securities and other deposits	9	—	—
Cash	1,867	4	—
	2,284	195	2,015
Creditors			
Amounts falling due within one year	(3,852)	(52)	(1,649)
Net current (liabilities)/assets	(1,568)	143	366
Net assets	38,553	10,067	1,986
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	383	125	20
Share premium account	—	1,572	1,977
Capital redemption reserve	2	—	—
Profit and loss account	38,168	8,370	(11)
Equity shareholders' funds	38,553	10,067	1,986
Number of shares in issue	38,290,862	12,509,245	1,997,691
Net asset value per share	100.7p	80.5p	99.4p

At 30 June 2016 there was an inter-share debtor/creditor of £1,574,000 which has been eliminated on aggregation.



Unaudited Non-Statutory Analysis of the Share Classes

continued

Reconciliations of Movements in Shareholders' Funds

for the year ended 30 June 2016

	Called-up share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Capital redemption reserve £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
Ordinary Shares Fund					
As at 1 July 2015	383	—	2	41,726	42,111
Expenses in relation to prior year share issues	—	—	—	(206)	(206)
Repurchase of shares	—	—	—	(27)	(27)
Dividends	—	—	—	(2,298)	(2,298)
Loss for the year	—	—	—	(1,027)	(1,027)
As at 30 June 2016	383	—	2	38,168	38,553

	Called-up share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Capital redemption reserve £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
C Shares Fund					
As at 1 July 2015	125	1,609	—	9,743	11,477
Expenses in relation to prior year share issues	—	(37)	—	—	(37)
Dividends	—	—	—	(625)	(625)
Loss for the year	—	—	—	(748)	(748)
As at 30 June 2016	125	1,572	—	8,370	10,067

	Called-up share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Capital redemption reserve £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
D Shares Fund					
As at 1 July 2015	—	—	—	—	—
Share issue in the year	20	2,015	—	—	2,035
Expenses in relation to share issues	—	(38)	—	—	(38)
Loss for the year	—	—	—	(11)	(11)
As at 30 June 2016	20	1,977	—	(11)	1,986

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc only

Opinions and conclusions arising from our audit

1. Our opinion on the financial statements is unmodified

We have audited the financial statements of Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc for the year ended 30 June 2016 set out on pages 35 to 55. In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2016 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Accounting Standards including FRS102, the Financial Reporting Standard application the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

2. Our assessment of risks of material misstatement

In arriving at our audit opinion above on the financial statements, the risk of material misstatement that had the greatest effect on our audit was as follows:

- *Valuation of Unquoted Investments: £51.665 million (2015: £51.705 million) Risk vs 2015 unchanged*

Refer to page 26 (Audit Committee Report), page 39 (accounting policies) and pages 44 to 45 and 48 to 54 (financial statements)

The risk - 95% of the Company's total assets (by value) is held in investments where no quoted market price is available. Unquoted investments are measured at fair value, which is established in accordance with the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines by using discounted cash flow measurements or cost of a recent transaction. There is a significant risk over the valuation of these investments and this is one of the key judgemental areas that our audit focused on.

Our response - Our procedures included, among others:

- documenting and assessing the design and implementation of the investment valuation processes and controls in place;
- challenging the Investment Manager on key judgements affecting investee company valuations in the context of observed industry best practice and the provisions of the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines. In particular, we challenged the appropriateness of the valuation basis selected as well as underlying assumptions, such as energy yield, power price, costs and inflation rates which produce the cash flow projections and the appropriate discount factors;
- comparing key underlying financial data inputs used in the valuations to external sources, investee accounts and management information as applicable;
- challenging the assumptions around the sustainability of earnings based on the plans of the investee companies and whether these

are achievable, and we obtained an understanding of existing and prospective investee company cash flows to understand whether borrowings can be serviced or refinancing may be required. Our work included consideration of events which occurred subsequent to the year end up until the date of this audit report;

- obtaining an understanding of the circumstances surrounding any recent transactions used for valuing a holding and whether they were considered to be on an arms-length basis and suitable as an input into valuation. Our work included consideration of events which occurred subsequent to the year end up until the date of this audit report;
- attending the year end Audit Committee meeting where we assessed the effectiveness of the Audit Committee's challenge and approval of unlisted investment valuations; and
- considering the appropriateness, in accordance with relevant accounting standards, of the disclosures in respect of unlisted investments and the effect of changing one or more inputs to reasonably possible alternative valuation assumptions.

3. Our application of materiality and an overview of the scope of our audit

The materiality for the financial statements as a whole was set at £0.5 million (2015: £1.1 million), determined with reference to a benchmark of Total Assets, of which it represents 1% (2015: 2%), reflecting industry consensus levels.

We reported to the Audit Committee any corrected and uncorrected identified misstatements exceeding £27,000 (2015: £52,500) in addition to other identified misstatements that warranted reporting on qualitative grounds.

Our audit of the Company was undertaken to the materiality level specified above and was performed at the offices of the Investment Manager, Foresight Group, The Shard, 32 London Bridge Street, London, SE1 9SG.

4. Our opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006 is unmodified

In our opinion:

- the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited has been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006;
- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the information given in the Corporate Governance statement on pages 23-25 with respect to internal control and risk management systems in relation to financial reporting processes and about share capital structures is consistent with the financial statements.



Independent Auditor's Report continued

5. We have nothing to report on the disclosures of principal risks

Based on the knowledge we acquired during our audit, we have nothing material to add or draw attention to in relation to:

- the directors' viability statement on page 8, concerning the principal risks, their management, and, based on that, the directors' assessment and expectations of the company's continuing in operation over the 3 years to 30 June 2019; or
- the disclosures in Note 1 of the financial statements concerning the use of the going concern basis of accounting

6. We have nothing to report in respect of the matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) we are required to report to you if, based on the knowledge we acquired during our audit, we have identified other information in the annual report that contains a material inconsistency with either that knowledge or the financial statements, a material misstatement of fact or that is otherwise misleading.

In particular, we are required to report to you if:

- we have identified material inconsistencies between the knowledge we acquired during our audit and the directors' statement that they consider that the annual report and financial statements taken as a whole is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Company's position and performance, business model and strategy; or
- the Audit Committee Report does not appropriately address matters communicated by us to the audit committee.

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited to by us; or
- the financial statements and the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- a Corporate Governance Statement has not been prepared by the Company.

Under the Listing Rules we are required to review:

- the directors' statements, set out on pages 8 and 30, in relation to going concern and long term viability; and
- the part of the Corporate Governance Statement on pages 23 to 25 relating to the Company's compliance with the eleven provisions of the 2014 UK Corporate Governance Code specified for our review.

We have nothing to report in respect of the above responsibilities.

Scope of report and responsibilities

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 30, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate. This report is made solely to the Company's members as a body and is subject to important explanations and disclaimers regarding our responsibilities, published on our website at www.kpmg.com/uk/auditscopeukco2014a, which are incorporated into this report as if set out in full and should be read to provide an understanding of the purpose of this report, the work we have undertaken and the basis of our opinions.

Philip Merchant (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP

Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

15 Canada Square

Canary Wharf

London

E14 5GL

28 October 2016

Income Statement

for the year ended 30 June 2016

	Notes	Year ended 30 June 2016			Year ended 30 June 2015		
		Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000
Investment holding gains		—	803	803	—	5,525	5,525
Income	2	973	—	973	1,155	—	1,155
Investment management fees	3	(202)	(2,876)	(3,078)	(205)	(616)	(821)
Gains on the value of derivatives		—	—	—	—	154	154
Other expenses	4	(484)	—	(484)	(433)	—	(433)
Return/(Loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		287	(2,073)	(1,786)	517	5,063	5,580
Taxation	5	(66)	66	—	(107)	107	—
Return/(Loss) on ordinary activities after taxation		221	(2,007)	(1,786)	410	5,170	5,580
Return/(Loss) per share:							
Ordinary Share	7	0.7p	(3.4)p	(2.7)p	1.0p	13.9p	14.9p
C Share	7	(0.3)p	(5.7)p	(6.0)p	0.2p	(1.2)p	(1.0)p
D Share	7	(0.3)p	(0.3)p	(0.6)p	N/A	N/A	N/A

The total column of this statement is the profit and loss account of the Company and the revenue and capital columns represent supplementary information.

All revenue and capital items in the above Income Statement are derived from continuing operations. No operations were acquired or discontinued in the year.

The Company has no recognised gains or losses other than those shown above, therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

The notes on pages 39 to 55 form part of these financial statements.



Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds

	Called-up share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Capital redemption reserve £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
Year ended 30 June 2016					
As at 1 July 2015	508	1,609	2	51,469	53,588
Share issue in the year	20	2,015	—	—	2,035
Expenses in relation to prior year share issues	—	(75)	—	(206)	(281)
Repurchase of shares	—	—	—	(27)	(27)
Dividends	—	—	—	(2,923)	(2,923)
Loss for the year	—	—	—	(1,786)	(1,786)
As at 30 June 2016	528	3,549	2	46,527	50,606

	Called-up share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Capital redemption reserve £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
Year ended 30 June 2015					
As at 1 July 2014	508	12,336	2	38,466	51,312
Expenses in relation to prior year share issues	—	(27)	—	(336)	(363)
Repurchase of shares	—	—	—	(16)	(16)
Cancellation of share premium	—	(10,700)	—	10,700	—
Dividends	—	—	—	(2,925)	(2,925)
Return for the year	—	—	—	5,580	5,580
As at 30 June 2015	508	1,609	2	51,469	53,588

The notes on pages 39 to 55 form part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet

at 30 June 2016

Registered Number: 07289280

	Notes	As at 30 June 2016 £'000	As at 30 June 2015 £'000
Fixed assets			
Investments held at fair value through profit or loss	8	51,665	51,705
Current assets			
Debtors	9	1,040	720
Money market securities and other deposits		9	9
Cash		1,871	1,221
		2,920	1,950
Creditors			
Amounts falling due within one year	10	(3,979)	(67)
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(1,059)	1,883
Net assets		50,606	53,588
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	11	528	508
Share premium account		3,549	1,609
Capital redemption reserve		2	2
Profit and loss account		46,527	51,469
Equity shareholders' funds		50,606	53,588
Net asset value per share			
Ordinary Share	12	100.7p	109.9p
C Share	12	80.5p	91.7p
D Share	12	99.4p	N/A

The accounts on pages 35 to 55 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 28 October 2016 and were signed on its behalf by:

David Hurst-Brown

Chairman

28 October 2016

The notes on pages 39 to 55 form part of these financial statements.



Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 30 June 2016

	Year ended 30 June 2016 £'000	Year ended 30 June 2015 £'000
Cash flow from operating activities		
Investment income received	1,098	686
Deposit and similar interest received	1	1
Investment management fees paid	(808)	(818)
Secretarial fees paid	(170)	(167)
Other cash payments	(549)	(289)
Net cash outflow from operating activities and returns on investment	(428)	(587)
Returns on investment and servicing of finance		
Purchase of investments*	(1,361)	(1,808)
Net proceeds on sale of investments	3,824	4,071
Net proceeds on sale of financial assets	—	662
Net capital inflow from financial investment	2,463	2,925
Equity dividends paid	(2,923)	(2,925)
Financing		
Proceeds of fund raising**	1,642	—
Expenses of fund raising	(61)	(463)
Repurchase of own shares***	(43)	(36)
	1,538	(499)
Increase/(decrease) in cash	650	(1,086)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds		
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the year	650	(1,086)
Net cash and cash equivalents at start of year	1,230	2,316
Net cash and cash equivalents at end of year	1,880	1,230

Analysis of changes in net cash

	At 1 July 2015 £'000	Cash flow £'000	At 30 June 2016 £'000
Cash and cash equivalents****	1,230	650	1,880

* Cash of £1,620,000 for the investment in Shaftesbury Solar I limited is held in the Company's bank account and is therefore not included in the Company's cashflows

** This does not include £377,000 funds raised which remain receivable at 30 June 2016

*** £16,000 relates to the repurchase of own shares during the year ended 30 June 2015 and which were in creditors at that date.

**** including money market securities and other deposits

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 30 June 2016

1 Accounting policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the period, are set out below:

a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the Companies Act 2006, and in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP) and the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP): Financial Statements of Investment Trust Companies and Venture Capital Trusts issued in November 2014.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS102") as issued in August 2014 and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. The amendments to FRS102 issued in July 2015 and effective immediately have been applied.

In preparing the financial statements for the period ending 30 June 2016, the Company has transitioned to FRS102 from Old UK GAAP. The Company has made no measurement and recognition adjustments

The Company presents its Income Statement in a three column format to give shareholders additional detail of the performance of the Company split between items of a revenue or capital nature.

b) Assets held at fair value through profit or loss – investments

All investments held by the Company are classified as "fair value through profit or loss". The Directors fair value investments in accordance with the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation ("IPEVCV") guidelines, as updated in December 2015. This classification is followed as the Company's business is to invest in financial assets with a view to profiting from their total return in the form of capital growth and income.

For investments actively traded on organised financial markets, fair value is generally determined by reference to Stock Exchange market quoted bid prices at the close of business on the balance sheet date. Purchases and sales of quoted investments are recognised on the trade date where a contract of sale exists whose terms require delivery within a time frame determined by the relevant market. Purchases and sales of unlisted investments are recognised when the contract for acquisition or sale becomes unconditional.

All unquoted investments are initially held at cost for an appropriate period where there is considered to have been no change in fair value. Where such a basis is no longer appropriate, unquoted investments are stated at fair value in accordance with the following rules which are consistent with the IPEVCV guidelines.

The fair value of investments are determined by using discounted cash flow valuation techniques. The Directors base the fair value of the investments on information received from the Investment Manager. The Investment Manager's assessment of fair value of investments is determined in accordance with UK GAAP, using Discounted Cash Flow principles. This entails assumptions about Feed in Tarriffs ("FIT") and Renewable Obligation Certificates ("ROCs"), Purchase Price Agreements ("PPA") and power price forecasts, annual irradiation performance and degradation ratios, operating, maintenance and lease costs, tax, discount rates and inflation.

c) Income

Dividends receivable on quoted equity shares are brought into account on the ex-dividend date. Dividends receivable on unquoted equity shares are brought into account when the Company's rights to receive payment are established and there is no reasonable doubt that payment will be received. Other income such as loan or deposit interest is included on an accruals basis. Redemption premiums are recognised on repayment of loans.

d) Expenses

All expenses (inclusive of VAT) are accounted for on an accruals basis. Expenses are charged through the revenue column of the Income Statement, with the exception that 75% of the fees payable to Foresight Group for management fees are allocated against the capital column of the Income Statement. The basis of the allocation of management fees is expected to reflect the revenue and capital split of long-term returns in the portfolio.

Performance incentive payments will relate predominantly to the capital performance of the portfolio and will therefore be charged 100% to capital.

e) Financial instruments

During the period the Company held non-current asset investments, shares in OEICs (Open Ended Investment Companies), money-market funds and cash balances and derivatives. The Company holds financial assets that comprise investments in unlisted companies, qualifying loans, and shares in companies on the Alternative Investment Market. The carrying value for all financial assets and liabilities is fair value.



Notes to the Accounts continued

for the year ended 30 June 2016

1 Accounting policies (continued)

e) Financial instruments (continued)

Basic financial instruments

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of instrument for a similar debt instrument.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of instrument for a similar debt instrument.

Investments in preference and ordinary shares

Investments in preference and ordinary shares are measured initially at transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition investments that can be measured reliably are measured at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss. Other investments are measured at cost less impairment in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose only of the cash flow statement.

Other financial instruments

Financial instruments not considered to be Basic financial instruments (Other financial instruments)

Other financial instruments not meeting the definition of Basic Financial Instruments are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition other financial instruments are measured at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss except investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair value cannot otherwise be measured reliably shall be measured at cost less impairment.

f) Taxation

Any tax relief obtained in respect of management fees allocated to capital is reflected in the capital column of the Income Statement and a corresponding amount is charged against the revenue column. The tax relief is the amount by which corporation tax payable is reduced as a result of these capital expenses.

g) Deferred taxation

Provision is made for corporation tax at the current rates on the excess of taxable income over allowable expenses. A provision is made on all material timing differences arising from the different treatment of items for accounting and tax purposes.

h) Investment recognition and derecognition

Investments are recognised at the trade date, being the date that the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the Company. Upon initial recognition, investments are held at the fair value of the consideration payable. Transaction costs in respect of acquisitions made are recognised directly in the capital column of the Income Statement. Investments are derecognised when the risks and rewards of ownership are deemed to have transferred to a third party. Upon realisation, the gain or loss on disposal is recognised in the Income Statement.

i) Cash and liquid resources

Cash, for the purpose of the cash flow statement, comprises cash in hand and deposits repayable on demand. Liquid resources are current asset investments which are disposable without curtailing or disrupting the business and are readily convertible into known amounts of cash at their carrying values. Liquid resources comprise money market funds.

j) Derivative financial instruments

Where the Company has used forward/foreign exchange contracts to hedge against its foreign exchange exposure, the Company calculates the fair value gain or loss on the contract at the end and this amount is charged to the capital column of the Income Statement. The underlying investment is restated at the closing exchange rate and any movement is charged to unrealised reserves.

k) Consolidation

The Company does have one fully owned subsidiary, Greensite Limited; however, the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare group accounts by virtue of Section 402 of the Companies Act as the subsidiary is not material for the purpose of giving a true and fair view.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

l) Significant estimates and judgements

Disclosure is required of judgements and estimates made by management in applying the accounting policies that have a significant effect on the financial statements. The area involving a higher degree of judgement and estimates is the valuation of unquoted investments as explained in Note 1b).

m) Going concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the Strategic Report on pages 5 to 9. The financial position of the Company, its cash flows, liquidity position and borrowing facilities are referred to in the Chairman's Statement, Strategic Report and Notes to the Accounts. In addition, the financial statements include the Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing its capital; its financial risk management objectives; details of its financial instruments and hedging activities; and its exposures to credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company has sufficient financial resources together with investments and income generated therefrom across a variety of industries and sectors. As a consequence, the Directors believe that the Company is able to manage its business risks.

Cash flow projections have been reviewed and show that the Company has sufficient funds to meet both its contracted expenditure and its discretionary cash outflows in the form of share buy backs and dividends. The Company has no external loan finance in place and therefore is not exposed to any gearing covenants, although its underlying investments may have external loan finance.

The Directors have reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

2 Income

	Year ended 30 June 2016 £'000	Year ended 30 June 2015 £'000
Loan stock interest	972	1,153
Bank interest	1	2
	973	1,155

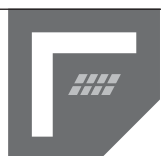
3 Investment management fees

	Year ended 30 June 2016 £'000	Year ended 30 June 2015 £'000
Performance incentive fees charged to the capital account	2,270	—
Investment management fees charged to the capital account	606	616
Investment management fees charged to the revenue account	202	205
	3,078	821

Foresight Group provides investment management services to the Company under agreements dated 31 August 2010, 18 February 2013 and 7 March 2016. They receive management fees, paid quarterly in advance, of 1.5% of Ordinary Share net assets, 1.75% of C Share net assets and 1.75% of D share net assets per annum. If the annual expenses of the Company exceed 3.6% of the Company's total assets less current liabilities, the Company is entitled to reduce the fees paid to the Manager by the amount of the excess.

This agreement may be terminated by either party giving to the other not less than twelve months' notice, at any time after the third anniversary.

Foresight Group also provides administration services to the Company and received annual fees, paid quarterly in advance, for the services provided of £170,000 (2015: £167,000). The annual secretarial and accounting fee (which is payable together with any applicable VAT) is 0.3% of the net funds raised by the offer (subject to a minimum index-linked fee of £60,000) for each of the Ordinary, C Share and D Share funds.



Notes to the Accounts continued

for the year ended 30 June 2016

3 Investment management fees (continued)

Foresight Group are responsible for external costs such as legal and accounting fees incurred on transactions that do not proceed to completion ('abort expenses'). In line with industry practice, Foresight Group retains the right to charge arrangement and syndication fees and Directors' or monitoring fees ('deal fees') to companies in which the Company invests. From this, Foresight Group received from investee companies arrangement fees of £49,000 (2015: £579,000) in the year.

Details of the performance-related incentive are given in Note 13.

4 Other expenses

	Year ended 30 June 2016 £'000	Year ended 30 June 2015 £'000
Administration services excluding VAT	170	167
Directors' remuneration including employer's National Insurance contributions	76	73
Auditor's remuneration excluding VAT		
— Fees payable to KPMG LLP, the Company's auditors for the audit of the financial statements*	43	29
Other	195	164
	484	433

* £7,500 of the amount recognised in the year ended 30 June 2016 relates to the audit for the year ended 30 June 2015. The Company has no employees other than the Directors.

5 Taxation

	Year ended 30 June 2016			Year ended 30 June 2015		
	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000
a) Analysis of charge in the year:						
Corporation tax	(66)	66	—	(107)	107	—
Total tax for the period	(66)	66	—	(107)	107	—

b) Factors affecting current tax charge for the year:

The tax assessed for the period is the same as (2015: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK, for a venture capital trust of 20% (2015: 20.75%). The differences are explained below:

	Year ended 30 June 2016 £'000	Year ended 30 June 2015 £'000
Net (loss)/return before taxation	(1,786)	5,580
Corporation tax at 20% (2015: 20.75%)	(357)	1,158
Effect of:		
Capital items not taxable	(160)	(1,178)
Unutilised losses carried forward	517	20
Total tax charge for the year	—	—

c) There is an unrecognised deferred tax asset of £573,000 (2015: £119,000). The deferred tax asset related to the prior year unutilised expenses. It is considered too uncertain that there will be taxable profits in the future against which the deferred tax assets can be offset and, therefore, in accordance with FRS 102, the asset has not been recognised.

6 Dividends

	Year ended 30 June 2016 £'000	Year ended 30 June 2015 £'000
Ordinary Shares		
Dividends - paid in the year	2,298	2,300
C Shares		
Dividends - paid in the year	625	625
D Shares		
Dividends - paid in the year	—	N/A

The Board is not recommending a final dividend on the Ordinary Shares Fund for the year ended 30 June 2016. In line with original expectations, interim dividends of 3.0p per Ordinary Share were paid on 13 November 2015 and 8 April 2016.

The Board is not recommending a final dividend on the C Shares Fund for the year ended 30 June 2016. In line with original expectations, interim dividends of 2.5p per Ordinary Share were paid on 13 November 2015 and 8 April 2016.

The Board is not recommending a final dividend in the D shares fund for the year ended 30 June 2016.

Set out above are the total dividends payable in respect of the financial year, which is the basis on which the requirements of section 274 of The Income Tax Act 2007 are considered.

In accordance with s529 of the Income Tax Act 2007, a venture Capital Trust may not retain more than 15% of its qualifying income in any accounting period. The payment of the interim dividend satisfied this requirement.

7 Return per share

	Year ended 30 June 2016			Year ended 30 June 2015		
	Ordinary Shares £'000	C Shares £'000	D Shares £'000	Ordinary Shares £'000	C Shares £'000	D Shares £'000
Total (loss)/return after taxation	(1,027)	(748)	(11)	5,708	(128)	N/A
Total (loss)/return per share (note a)	(2.7)p	(6.0)p	(0.6)p	14.9p	(1.0)p	N/A
Revenue return/(loss) from ordinary activities after taxation	265	(38)	(6)	391	19	N/A
Revenue return/(loss) per share (note b)	0.7p	(0.3)p	(0.3)p	1.0p	0.2p	N/A
Capital (loss)/return from ordinary activities after taxation	(1,292)	(710)	(5)	5,317	(147)	N/A
Capital (loss)/return per share (note c)	(3.4)p	(5.7)p	(0.3)p	13.9p	(1.2)p	N/A
Weighted average number of shares in issue during the year	38,302,982	12,509,245	1,765,163	38,331,915	12,509,245	N/A

Notes:

- Total return per share is total return after taxation divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year.
- Revenue return per share is revenue return after taxation divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year.
- Capital return per share is capital return after taxation divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year.



Notes to the Accounts continued

for the year ended 30 June 2016

8 Investments held at fair value through profit or loss

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Unquoted investments	51,665	51,705
	51,665	51,705

Company	Unquoted & Total £'000
Book cost as at 1 July 2015	39,373
Opening investment holding gains	12,332
Valuation at 1 July 2015	51,705
Movements in the year:	
Purchases at cost	2,981
Disposal proceeds	(3,824)
Investment holding gains	803
Valuation at 30 June 2016	51,665
Book cost at 30 June 2016	38,530
Closing investment holding gains	13,135
Valuation at 30 June 2016	51,665

Ordinary Shares Fund	Unquoted & Total £'000
Book cost as at 1 July 2015	29,373
Opening investment holding gains	12,324
Valuation at 1 July 2015	41,697
Movements in the year:	
Purchases at cost	411
Disposal proceeds	(3,359)
Investment holding gains	1,372
Valuation at 30 June 2016	40,121
Book cost at 30 June 2016	26,425
Closing investment holding gains	13,696
Valuation at 30 June 2016	40,121

C Shares Fund	Unquoted & Total £'000
Book cost as at 1 July 2015	10,000
Opening investment holding gains	8
Valuation at 1 July 2015	10,008
Movements in the year:	
Purchases at cost	950
Disposal proceeds	(465)
Investment holding losses	(569)
Valuation at 30 June 2016	9,924
Book cost at 30 June 2016	10,485
Closing investment holding losses	(561)
Valuation at 30 June 2016	9,924

8 Investments held at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

D Shares Fund	Unquoted & Total £'000
Book cost as at 1 July 2015	—
Opening investment holding gains	—
Valuation at 1 July 2015	—
Movements in the year:	
Purchases at cost	1,620
Disposal proceeds	—
Investment holding gains	—
Valuation at 30 June 2016	1,620
Book cost at 30 June 2016	1,620
Closing investment holding gains	—
Valuation at 30 June 2016	1,620

9 Debtors

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Prepayments	9	9
Other debtors	1,031	711
	1,040	720



Notes to the Accounts continued

for the year ended 30 June 2016

10 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Trade creditors	6	6
Performance-related incentive fee accrued	2,270	—
Accruals	79	44
Cash held on behalf of Shaftesbury Solar I Limited	1,620	—
Other creditors	4	17
	3,979	67

11 Called-up share capital

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
38,290,862 Ordinary Shares of 1p each (2015: 38,316,956)	383	383
12,509,245 C Shares of 1p each (2015: 12,509,245)	125	125
1,997,691 D Shares of 1p each (2015: N/A)	20	N/A

The Ordinary Shares fund repurchased 26,094 shares for cancellation at a cost of £27,000 during the year.

The D Shares fund issued 1,997,691 shares during the year at £1 per share.

Details of voting rights are disclosed in the Notice of Annual General Meeting on page 57 onwards. A summary of the Investment Policy can be found in the Strategic Report on page 5.

	Ordinary Shares No.	C Shares No.	D Shares No.
At 1 July 2015	38,316,956	12,509,245	—
Allotment of shares	—	—	1,997,691
Repurchase of shares for cancellation	(26,094)	—	—
At 30 June 2016	38,290,862	12,509,245	1,997,691

12 Net asset value per share

Net asset value per Ordinary Share is based on net assets at the year end of £38,553,000 (2015: £42,111,000) and on 38,290,862 Ordinary Shares (2015: 38,316,956), being the number of Ordinary Shares in issue at that date.

Net asset value per C Share is based on net assets at the year end of £10,067,000 (2015: £11,477,000) and on 12,509,245 C Shares (2015: 12,509,245), being the number of C Shares in issue at that date.

Net asset value per D Share is based on net assets at the year end of £1,986,000 (2015: £N/A) and on 1,997,691 D Shares (2015: N/A), being the number of D Shares in issue at that date.

13 Performance-related incentive

Ordinary Shares

After distributions of 100.0p per Ordinary Share issued under the Offer and remaining in issue at the date of calculation have been paid to Ordinary shareholders of the Company, Foresight Group will become entitled to a performance incentive which will be calculated at the rate of 20% of distributions in excess of 100.0p per Ordinary Share until total distributions reach 130.0p per share and 30% above that level.

The performance incentive may be satisfied in cash or by the issue of new shares to Foresight Group, at the discretion of Foresight Group.

If the current Ordinary Share Fund NAV of 100.7p were paid to shareholders, this coupled with the 23.0p already distributed would result in £2.3 million of performance-related incentive fees becoming payable to Foresight Group.

This has been accrued in the financial statements.

C Shares

After distributions of 100.0p per C Share issued under the Offer and remaining in issue at the date of calculation have been paid to C shareholders by the Company, Foresight Group will become entitled to a performance incentive which will be calculated at the rate of 20% of distributions in excess of 100.0p per C Share until total distributions reach 120.0p per share and 30% above that level.

The performance incentive may be satisfied in cash or by the issue of new shares to Foresight Group, at the discretion of Foresight Group.

If the current C Share Fund NAV of 80.5p were paid to shareholders, this coupled with the 10.0p already distributed would result in £nil of performance-related incentive fees becoming payable to Foresight Group.

D Shares

After distributions of 100.0p per D Share issued under the offer and remaining in issue at the date of calculation have been paid to D shareholders by the Company, Foresight Group will become entitled to a performance incentive which will be calculated at the rate of 20% of distributions in excess of 100.0p per D Share until total distributions reach 115.0p per share and 30% above that level.

The performance incentive may be satisfied in cash or by the issue of new shares to Foresight Group, at the discretion of Foresight Group.

If the current D Share Fund NAV of 99.4p were paid to shareholders, this would result in £nil of performance-related incentive fees becoming payable to Foresight Group.

14 Capital commitments and contingent liabilities

The Company had no capital commitments or contingent liabilities at 30 June 2016 (2015: £nil).



Notes to the Accounts continued

for the year ended 30 June 2016

15 Financial instrument risk management

The Board believes that the principal risks faced by the Company are:

- Economic risk — events such as an economic recession and movement in interest rates could affect performance and valuations;
- Loss of approval as a Venture Capital Trust — the Company must comply with Section 274 of the Income Tax Act 2007 which allows it to be exempted from capital gains tax on investment gains. Any breach of these rules may lead to: the Company losing its approval as a VCT; qualifying shareholders who have not held their shares for the designated holding period having to repay the income tax relief they obtained; and future dividends paid by the Company becoming subject to tax. The Company would also lose its exemption from corporation tax on capital gains;
- Investment and strategic — inappropriate strategy, poor asset allocation or consistent weak stock selection might lead to under performance and poor returns to shareholders. Changes in the rates of Feed-in Tariffs (FiTs) or Renewable Obligation Certificates (ROCs) could impact the underlying returns of the Company's investments;
- Regulatory — the Company is required to comply with the Companies Act 2006, the rules of the UK Listing Authority and United Kingdom Accounting Standards. Breach of any of these might lead to suspension of the Company's Stock Exchange listing, financial penalties or a qualified audit report;
- Natural disasters — severe weather/natural disaster could lead to reduction in performance and value of the assets;
- Reputational — inadequate or failed controls might result in breaches of regulations or loss of shareholder trust;
- Operational — failure of the Manager's accounting systems or disruption to its business might lead to an inability to provide accurate reporting and monitoring;
- Fraud — inadequate controls might lead to misappropriation of assets;
- Theft — inadequate security and control could lead to the theft of assets;
- Financial — inappropriate accounting policies might lead to misreporting or breaches of regulations. Additional financial risks, including interest rate and credit are detailed below;
- Market risk — investment in unquoted companies by its nature involves a higher degree of risk than investment in companies traded on the main market. In particular, smaller companies often have limited product lines, markets or financial resources and may be dependent for their management on a smaller number of key individuals. In addition, the market for stock in smaller companies is often less liquid than that for stock in larger companies, bringing with it potential difficulties in acquiring, valuing and disposing of such stock; and
- Liquidity — the Company's investments, being unquoted, may be difficult to realise.

The Board seeks to mitigate the internal risks by setting policy, regular review of performance, enforcement of contractual obligations and monitoring progress and compliance. In the mitigation and management of these risks, the Board applies the principles detailed in the UK Corporate Governance Code. Details of the Company's internal controls are contained in the Corporate Governance and Internal Control sections.

The Company's financial instruments comprise:

- Unquoted investments and qualifying loan stock held in the investment portfolio as well as cash and investments in money market funds that are held in accordance with the Company's investment objective as set out in the Directors' Report.
- Cash, liquid resources, short-term debtors, creditors and derivatives that arise directly from the Company's operations.
- Ordinary, C and D class Shares issued to shareholders.

Classification of financial instruments

The Company held the following categories of financial instruments all of which are included in the Balance Sheet at fair value, at 30 June 2016:

Company	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Assets held at fair value through profit and loss		
Investments held at fair value	51,665	51,705
Current asset investments (money market funds)	9	9
	51,674	51,714

15 Financial instrument risk management (continued)

The investment portfolio will have a high concentration of risk towards unquoted UK-based Solar investments (as well as a smaller exposure to unquoted Spanish and Italian Solar investments), the majority expected to be in sterling denominated equity and loan stock holdings.

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, valuation risk, regulatory risk and liquidity risk. The Board regularly reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks.

Detailed below is a summary of the financial risks to which the Company is exposed, and the policies agreed by the Board for management of these risks.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of failure by counterparties to deliver securities which the Company has paid for, or the failure by counterparties to pay for securities which the Company has delivered. The Company has exposure to credit risk in respect of the loan stock investments it has made into investee companies, most of which have no security attached to them, and where they do, such security ranks beneath any bank debt that an investee company may owe. The Board manages credit risk in respect of the current asset investments and cash by ensuring a spread of such investments in separate money market funds such that none exceed 15% of the Company's total investment assets. These money market funds are all triple A rated funds, and so credit risk is considered to be low. The Company currently invests its cash holdings and loan stock (indirectly) with Barclays. Its money market holdings are with HSBC, Goldman Sachs (previously RBS), Blackrock and Insight Investments. The Manager receives full year accounts from portfolio companies, and members of the investment management team often sit on the boards of unquoted portfolio companies; this enables the close identification, monitoring and management of investment-specific credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk at 30 June 2016 was £21,401,000 (30 June 2015: £23,358,000) based on cash, money market funds and other receivables (amounts due on investments, dividends and interest). The majority of the Company's assets are held in its own name in certificated form and therefore custodian default risk is negligible.

An analysis of the Company's assets exposed to credit risk is provided in the table below:

Credit risk	Company	
	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Loan stocks	18,481	21,408
Current asset investments (money market funds)	9	9
Prepayments and other debtors	1,040	720
Cash	1,871	1,221
Total	21,401	23,358

Valuation risk

The Company primarily invests in private equity via unquoted equity and loan securities. The Group's investment portfolio is recognised in the Balance Sheet at fair value, in accordance with IPEVC Valuation Guidelines.

All investments are initially held at cost for an appropriate period after which they are held at fair value. Fair value is determined by using discounted cashflow valuation techniques. Valuation risk is the risk that there will be changes in the inputs and assumptions into the discounted cashflow model. This is discussed in more detail on pages 50 to 54.



Notes to the Accounts continued

for the year ended 30 June 2016

15 Financial instrument risk management (continued)

Regulatory risk

The value of Shares may be affected by uncertainties such as political or diplomatic developments, social and religious instability, changes in government policies, taxation or interest rates, currency repatriation and other political and economic developments in law or regulations and, in particular, the risk of expropriation, nationalisation, and confiscation of assets and changes in legislation relating to the level of foreign ownership.

Governmental authorities at all levels are actively involved in the promulgation and enforcement of regulations relating to taxation, land use and zoning and planning restrictions, environmental protection, safety and other matters. The introduction and enforcement of such regulations could have the effect of increasing the expense and lowering the income or rate of return from, as well as adversely affecting the value of, the Group's assets.

In the Budget on 8 July 2015, changes were announced to the Climate Change Levy ("CCL") with the removal of Levy Exemption Certificates ("LECs") impacting both existing and new solar investments from 1 August 2015. This announcement led to a 3.2% reduction in future cash flows at project level.

It should be noted that the CCL announcement represented a change in tax policy, in that it represents the removal of an existing tax benefit for electricity sourced from renewable sources, rather than a subsidy change.

Liquidity risk

The investments in equity and fixed interest stocks of unquoted companies that the Company holds are not traded and they are not readily realisable. The ability of the Company to realise the investments at their carrying value may at times not be possible if there are no willing purchasers. The Company's ability to sell investments may also be constrained by the requirements set down for VCTs. The maturity profile of the Company's loan stock investments disclosed within the consideration of credit risk above indicates that these assets are also not readily realisable until dates up to one year from the year-end.

To counter these risks to the Company's liquidity, the Investment Manager maintains sufficient cash and money market funds to meet running costs and other commitments. The Company invests its surplus funds in high quality money market funds which are all accessible on an immediate basis.

Interest rate risk

The fair value of the Company's loan stock and cash investments may be affected by interest rate movements. This is not considered to be a significant risk as the loan stock interest rates are all fixed. The maximum exposure to interest rate risk for the Company was £20,361,000 at 30 June 2016 (30 June 2015: £22,638,000). During the year the Company also held cash balances. The benchmark rate, which determines the interest payments received on cash and loan balances held, is the bank base rate which was 0.5% at 30 June 2016 (0.5% at 30 June 2015).

	Total fixed portfolio		Weighted average interest rate		Weighted average time for which rate is fixed	
	30 June 2016 £'000	30 June 2015 £'000	30 June 2016 %	30 June 2015 %	30 June 2016 Days	30 June 2015 Days
Company						
Short term fixed interest securities						
— exposed to cash flow interest rate risk	9	9	0.3	0.3	—	—
Loan stock						
— exposed to fixed interest rate risk	18,481	21,408	5.0	5.0	343	729
Cash	1,871	1,221	0.5	0.5	—	—
Total exposed to interest rate risk	20,361	22,638				

	Total portfolio	
	30 June 2016 £'000	30 June 2015 £'000
Maturity analysis:		
- in one year or less	17,339	1,923
- in more than one year but less than two years	—	15,342
- in more than two years but less than three years	2,207	—
- in more than three years but less than four years	329	5,373
- in more than four years but less than five years	486	—
Total	20,361	22,638

15 Financial instrument risk management (continued)

Fair value hierarchy

In accordance with amendments to FRS 102, the following table shows financial instruments recognised at fair value, analysed between those whose fair value is based on:

- Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- Inputs for the instrument that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

Company

As at 30 June 2016	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Unquoted investments	—	—	51,665	51,665
Current asset investments (money market funds)	9	—	—	9
Financial assets	9	—	51,665	51,674

Company

As at 30 June 2015	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Unquoted investments	—	—	51,705	51,705
Current asset investments (money market funds)	9	—	—	9
Financial assets	9	—	51,705	51,714

Year ended 30 June 2016	Company Level 3 £'000
Valuation at 1 July 2015	51,705
Purchases at cost	2,981
Disposal proceeds	(3,824)
Investment holding gains	803
Valuation carried forward at 30 June 2016	51,665

Transfers

During the period there were no transfers between levels 1, 2 or 3.

Sensitivity analysis of changes in key inputs and assumptions which may significantly change valuations

For each class of fair valued instruments, if changing one or more of the inputs or reasonably possible alternative assumptions would change the fair value significantly, accounting standards require the Company to state the fact and disclose the effect of those changes.

The Company's investments are valued with reference to the discounted value of future cash flows. The Directors consider the valuation methodology used, including the key assumptions and discount rate applied, to be prudent. The Board reviews, at least quarterly, the valuation inputs and where possible, make use of observable market data to ensure valuations reflect the fair value of the investments.

A broad range of assumptions are used in the valuation models. These assumptions are based on long-term forecasts and are not affected by short term fluctuations in inputs, be it economic or technical.

The significant assumptions used in the fair value measurement categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy together with a quantitative sensitivity analysis as at 30 June 2016 are set out on pages 52 to 54. Please note, this sensitivity analysis only refers to the impact of changes in key inputs and assumptions on the valuation of the UK Solar investments held at fair value which constitute 66.1% of the portfolio. UK investments held at cost constitute 17% of the portfolio and are not subject to changes in key inputs and assumptions. The Board considers that a change in the operating costs (currently based on commercial agreements), discount rates, irradiation, power price and inflation are unobservable inputs that could have a material impact on the valuation of the Italian investments. A 10% increase/decrease in valuation would result in a valuation movement of €623,000.



Notes to the Accounts continued

for the year ended 30 June 2016

15 Financial instrument risk management (continued)

The discounted cash flow valuations of the solar assets form the majority of the NAV calculation.

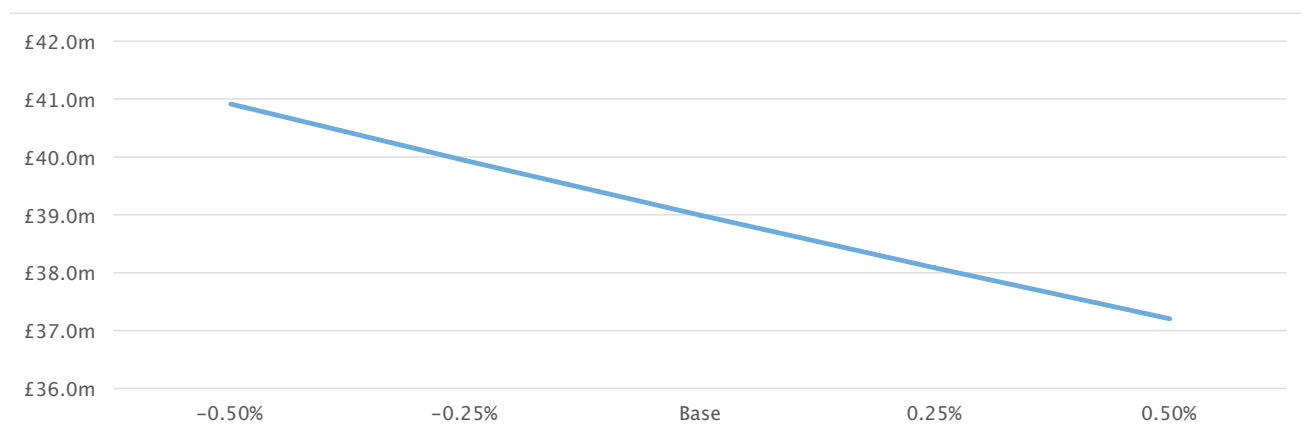
Only changes in those key inputs and assumptions to the discounted cash flow models which would have a significant impact on valuation are discussed in more detail below. The valuation of investments may also be impacted by changes in other inputs to the discounted cash flow models, but these have not been discussed further as they would not have a significant impact on the valuation. The assumption sensitivities are illustrative. The actual change in these assumptions could be more or less than the amount shown.

Discount Rate Sensitivities

The range of discount rates used is 6.5% - 8%. The Directors do not expect to see a significant change in the discount rates applied within the Solar Infrastructure sector. Therefore a variance of +/- 0.50% is considered reasonable given the current risk profile of the fund.

	-0.50%	-0.25%	Base	+0.25%	+0.50%
Directors DCF Valuation (£m)*	40.91	39.94	38.99	38.08	37.20

* Not including cash held in holding company investments

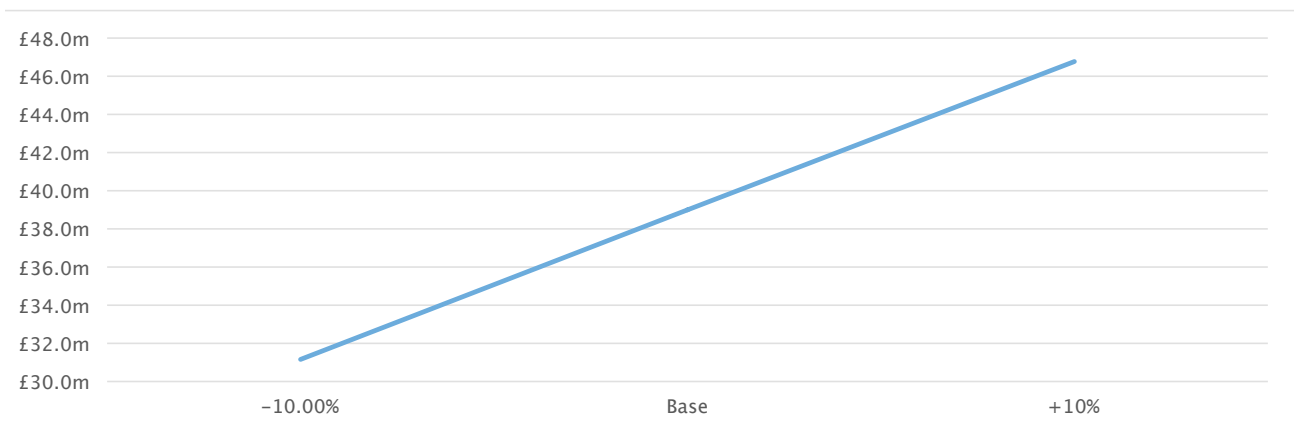


15 Financial instrument risk management (continued)

Energy Yield Sensitivities

Energy Yield is the amount of electricity that is produced and is calculated based on irradiation multiplied by the asset performance ratio and the degradation of the asset. Irradiation is the amount of solar energy per metre squared of plant, and the asset performance ratio refers to how efficiently a plant converts irradiation into electricity on the grid.

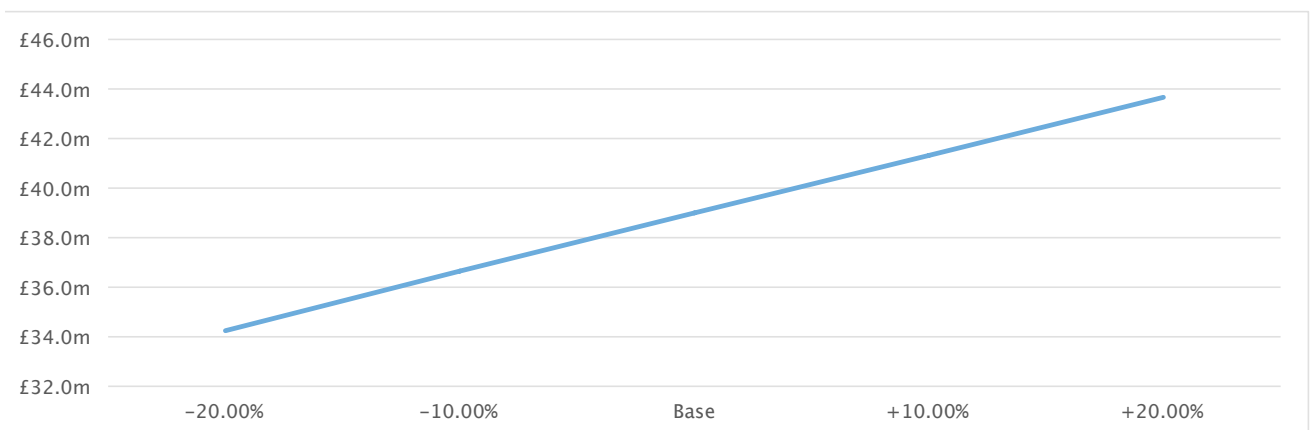
	-10.00%	Base	+10.00%
Directors DCF Valuation (£m)*	31.16	38.99	46.77



Power Price Sensitivities

The discounted cash flow models assume that power prices are consistent with the Power Price Agreements ("PPA") currently in place. At the PPA end date the model reverts to market price. The base case power pricing is based on the current forecast reel price reference curve provided by external market experts.

	-20.00%	-10.00%	Base	+10.00%	+20.00%
Directors DCF Valuation (£m)*	34.24	36.65	38.99	41.32	43.66





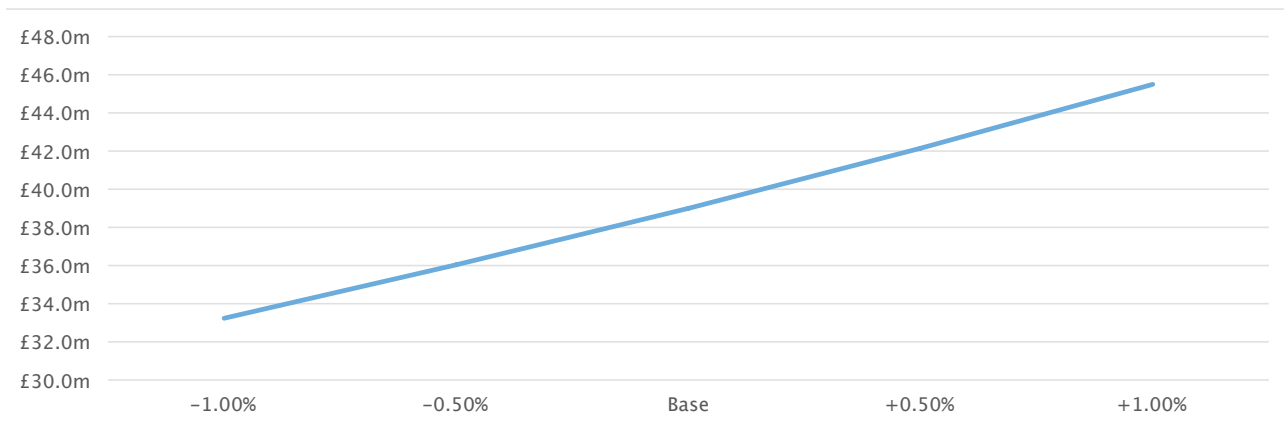
Notes to the Accounts continued

for the year ended 30 June 2016

15 Financial instrument risk management (continued)

Inflation Sensitivities

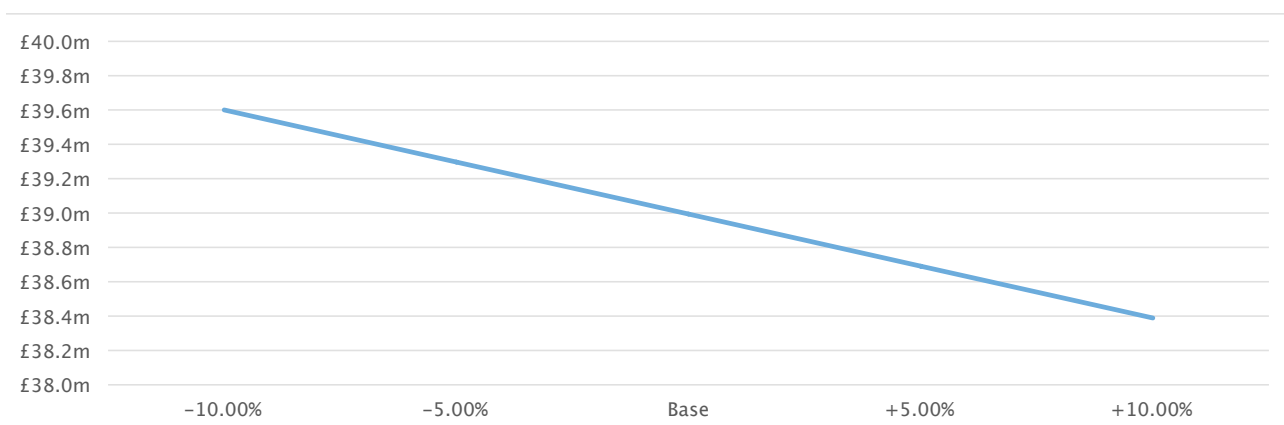
	-1.00%	-0.50%	Base	+0.50%	+1.00%
Directors DCF Valuation (£m)*	33.24	36.04	38.99	42.14	45.49



Operating Cost Sensitivities (Investment Level)

Operating costs refers to the cost of running the plants.

	-10.00%	-5.00%	Base	+5.00%	+10.00%
Directors DCF Valuation (£m)*	39.60	39.30	38.99	38.69	38.39



16 Management of capital

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and to provide an adequate return to shareholders by allocating its capital to assets commensurate with the level of risk.

Since the Company is a VCT, at least 70% of the capital of the Company (as measured under the tax legislation) must be invested in the relatively high risk asset class of small UK companies within three years of that capital being subscribed. The Company accordingly has limited scope to manage its capital structure in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. Subject to this overall constraint upon changing the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets if so required to maintain a level of liquidity to remain a going concern.

Although, as the Investment Policy implies, the Board would consider levels of gearing, there are no current plans to do so. It regards the net assets of the Company as the Company's capital, as the level of liabilities are small and the management of them is not directly related to managing the return to shareholders. There has been no change in this approach from the previous year.

Financial liabilities and borrowing facilities

The Company had no committed borrowing facilities, liabilities or guarantees at 30 June 2016 or 30 June 2015.

Fair value

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities at 30 June 2016 and 30 June 2015 are not different from their carrying values.

17 Transactions with the manager

Details of arrangements with Foresight Group LLP, Foresight Fund Managers Limited and Foresight Group CI Limited are given in the Directors' Report and Notes 3 and 13.

Foresight Group, which acts as investment manager to the Company in respect of its venture capital investments earned fees of £808,000 in the year (2015: £821,000).

Foresight Fund Managers Limited provides administration services to the Company, and received fees of £170,000 during the year (2015: £167,000). The annual administration and accounting fee (which is payable together with any applicable VAT) is 0.3% of the net funds raised by the offer (subject to a minimum index-linked fee of £60,000 for each of the Ordinary, C Share and D Share funds).

At the balance sheet date there was £3,000 due from Foresight Group (2015: £3,000 due to Foresight Group).

Foresight Group is responsible for external costs such as legal and accounting fees, incurred on transactions that do not proceed to completion ('abort expenses'). In line with industry practice, Foresight Group retain the right to charge arrangement and syndication fees and Directors' or monitoring fees ('deal fees') to companies in which the Company invests. From this, Foresight Group received from investee companies arrangement fees of £49,000 in the year (2015: £579,000).

18 Post Balance Sheet events

Investment

During July 2016 the C Shares fund invested £3.4 million in a 5MW solar farm located in Staffordshire, England.



Shareholder Information

Dividends

Dividends are ordinarily paid to shareholders in April and November. Shareholders who wish to have dividends paid directly into their bank account rather than by cheque to their registered address can complete a Mandate Form for this purpose. Mandates can be obtained by telephoning the Company's registrar, Computershare Investor Services PLC (see back cover for details).

Share price

The Company's Ordinary, C Shares and D Shares are listed on the London Stock Exchange. The mid-price of the Company's Ordinary Shares is given daily in the Financial Times in the Investment Companies section of the London Share Service. Share price information can also be obtained from many financial websites.

Investor Centre

Investors are able to manage their shareholding online using Computershare's secure website — www.investorcentre.co.uk — to undertake the following:

- Holding Enquiry — view balances, values, history, payments and reinvestments;
- Payments Enquiry — view your dividends and other payment types;
- Address Change — change your registered address (communications with shareholders are mailed to the registered address held on the share register);
- Bank Details Update — choose to receive your dividend payments directly into your bank account instead of by cheque;
- Outstanding Payments — reissue payments using our online replacement service; and
- Downloadable Forms — including dividend mandates, stock transfer, dividend reinvestment and change of address forms.

Shareholders just require their Shareholder Reference Number (SRN) to access any of these features. The SRN can be found on communications previously received from Computershare.

Trading shares

The Company's Ordinary, C Shares and D Shares can be bought and sold in the same way as any other quoted company on the London Stock Exchange via a stockbroker. The primary market maker for Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc is Panmure Gordon & Co.

Investment in VCTs should be seen as a long-term investment and shareholders selling their shares within five years of original purchase may lose any tax reliefs claimed. Investors who are in any doubt about selling their shares should consult their financial adviser.

Please call Foresight Group (see details below) if you or your adviser have any questions about this process.

Foresight Group has been made aware that some of its shareholders have received unsolicited phone calls or correspondence concerning investment matters. These are typically from overseas based 'brokers' who target UK shareholders, offering to purchase their VCT shares at an inflated price. These 'brokers' can be very persistent and extremely persuasive and shareholders are advised to be wary of any unsolicited approaches. Details of any share dealing facilities that are endorsed by Foresight Group are included on this page.

Indicative financial calendar

December 2016	Annual General Meeting
February 2017	Announcement of interim results for six months to 31 December 2016
October 2017	Announcement of annual results for the year ended 30 June 2017
October 2017	Posting of the Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2017

Open invitation to meet the Investment Manager

As part of our investor communications policy, shareholders can arrange a mutually convenient time to come and meet the Company's investment management team at Foresight Group. If you are interested, please call Foresight Group (see details below).

Enquiries

Please contact Foresight Group, for any queries regarding Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc:

Telephone: 020 3667 8100

E-mail: info@foresightgroup.eu

Website: www.foresightgroup.eu

Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc is managed by Foresight Group CI Limited which is licensed by the Guernsey Financial Services Commission. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Stock markets and currency movements may cause the value of investments and the income from them to fall as well as rise and investors may not get back the amount they originally invested. Where investments are made in unquoted securities and smaller companies, their potential volatility may increase the risk to the value of, and the income from, the investment.

Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc ("the Company") will be held on 8 December 2016 at 1 pm at the offices of Foresight Group, The Shard, 32 London Bridge Street, London, SE1 9SG for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following resolutions, of which resolutions 1 to 6 will be proposed as ordinary resolutions and resolutions 7 and 8 will be proposed as special resolutions.

Resolution 1 To receive the Report and Accounts for the year ended 30 June 2016.

Resolution 2 To approve the Directors' Remuneration Policy.

Resolution 3 To approve the Directors' Remuneration Report.

Resolution 4 To re-elect Michael Liston as a director.

Resolution 5 To re-appoint KPMG LLP as auditor and to authorise the directors to fix the auditor's remuneration.

Resolution 6 That, in substitution for all existing authorities, the directors be and they are authorised to allot relevant securities generally, in accordance with Section 551 of the Companies Act 2006, up to a nominal amount of £200,000 (representing approximately 37.5% of the current issued share capital) provided that the authority and power conferred by this Resolution 6 will expire on the fifth anniversary of the passing of this resolution.

Resolution 7 That, in substitution for all existing authorities, the directors be and they are empowered pursuant to section 570 and section 573 of the Companies Act 2006 to allot equity securities (within the meaning of section 560 of that Act) pursuant to the authority conferred by Resolution 6 as if section 561(1) of that Act did not apply to any such allotment, provided that this power shall be limited to:

- (i) the allotment of equity securities with an aggregate nominal value of up to £100,000 by way of issue of ordinary shares of 1p each ("Ordinary Shares") and/or £100,000 by way of issue of C ordinary shares of 1p each ("C Shares") and/or £100,000 by way of issue of D Ordinary Shares of 1p each ("D Shares"), in each case pursuant to offer(s) for subscription;
- (ii) the allotment of equity securities with an aggregate nominal value of up to £10,000 by way of issue of C Shares pursuant to any dividend investment scheme operated by the Company from time to time;
- (iii) the allotment of equity securities with an aggregate nominal value of up to 10% of the issued share capital of the Company by way of an issue of Ordinary Shares and/or C Shares and/or D Shares pursuant to the performance incentive arrangements with Foresight Group CI Limited; and
- (iv) the allotment of equity securities with an aggregate nominal value of an amount up to or equal to 10% of the issued Ordinary Share capital of the Company and/or 10% of the issued C Share capital of the Company and/or 10% of the issued D Share capital of the Company from time to time,

in each case where the proceeds of such issue may in whole or part be used to purchase the Company's shares. This authority will expire at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held in 2017.

Resolution 8 That, in substitution for all existing authorities the Company be empowered to make market purchases (within the meaning of Section 693(4) of the Companies Act 2006) of its own shares provided that:

- (i) the aggregate number of shares to be purchased shall not exceed 5,739,800 Ordinary Shares, 1,875,136 C Shares and 347,267 D Shares or, if lower such number of shares rounded down to the nearest whole share as shall equal 14.99% of the Company's; Ordinary Shares and C Shares in issue at the date of passing this resolution;
- (ii) the minimum price which may be paid for a share is 1 pence (the nominal value thereof);
- (iii) the maximum price which may be paid for shares is the higher of (1) an amount equal to 105% of the average of the middle market quotation for shares taken from the London Stock Exchange daily official list for the five business days immediately preceding the day on which the shares are purchased, and (2) the amount stipulated by Article 5(1) of the BuyBack and Stabilisation Regulation 2003;
- (iv) the authority conferred by this resolution shall expire on the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 2017 unless such authority is renewed prior to such time; and
- (v) the Company may make a contract to purchase shares under the authority conferred by this resolution prior to the expiry of such authority which will or may be executed wholly or partly after the expiration of such authority and may make a purchase of shares pursuant to such contract.

By order of the Board

Foresight Fund Managers Limited
Company Secretary
28 October 2016

The Shard
32 London Bridge Street
London
SE1 9SG



Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notes:

1. No Director has a service contract with the Company. Directors' appointment letters with the Company will be available for inspection at the registered office of the Company until the time of the meeting and from 15 minutes before the meeting at the location of the meeting, as well as at the meeting.
2. To be entitled to attend and vote at the meeting (and for the purposes of the determination by the Company of the votes they may cast), members must be registered in the Register of Members of the Company at 6.00 pm on 6 December 2016 (or, in the event of any adjournment, 6.00 pm on the date which is two (excluding non-business days) days before the time of the adjourned meeting). Changes to the Register of Members of the Company after the relevant deadline shall be disregarded in determining the rights of any person to attend and vote at the meeting.
3. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy or proxies to attend, speak and vote on his or her behalf. A proxy need not also be a member but must attend the meeting to represent you. Details of how to appoint the chairman of the meeting or another person as your proxy using the form of proxy are set out in the notes on the form of proxy which is enclosed. If you wish your proxy to speak on your behalf at the meeting, you will need to appoint your own choice of proxy (not the chairman) and give your instructions directly to them.
4. You may appoint more than one proxy, provided each proxy is appointed to exercise rights attached to different shares. You may not appoint more than one proxy to exercise rights attached to any one share. To appoint more than one proxy, (an) additional form(s) of proxy may be obtained by contacting Computershare Investor Services PLC on 0370 707 4017. Please indicate in the box next to the proxy holder's name the number of shares in relation to which they are authorised to act as your proxy. Please also indicate by ticking the box provided if the proxy instruction is one of multiple instructions being given. All forms must be signed and returned together in the same envelope.
5. As at the publication of this notice, the Company's issued share capital was 38,290,862 Ordinary Shares, 12,509,245 C Shares and 2,496,781 D Shares carrying one vote each. Therefore, the total voting rights in the Company as at the date of this notice is 53,296,888.
6. Any person to whom this notice is sent who is a person nominated under Section 146 of the Companies Act 2006 to enjoy information rights (a 'Nominated Person') may, under an agreement between him/her and the member by whom he/she was nominated, have a right to be appointed (or to have someone else appointed) as a proxy for the meeting. If a Nominated Person has no such proxy appointment right or does not wish to exercise it, he/she may, under any such agreement, have a right to give instructions to the shareholder as to the exercise of voting rights.
7. The statement of the rights of members in relation to the appointment of proxies in paragraphs 3 to 4 above does not apply to Nominated Persons. The rights described in those paragraphs can only be exercised by members of the Company.
8. Appointment of a proxy will not preclude a member from subsequently attending and voting at the meeting should he or she subsequently decide to do so. You can only appoint a proxy using the procedures set out in these notes and the notes to the form of proxy.
9. If you wish to attend the Annual General Meeting in person, please bring the proxy form with you to the meeting.
10. The Register of Directors' Interests will be available for inspection at the meeting.
11. Information regarding the meeting, including the information required by Section 311A of the Companies Act 2006, is available from www.foresightgroup.eu.
12. A vote withheld is not a vote in law, which means that the vote will not be counted in the calculation of votes for or against the resolution. If you either select the "Discretionary" option or if no voting indication is given, your proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his or her discretion. Your proxy will vote (or abstain from voting) as he or she thinks fit in relation to any other matter which is put before the meeting.
13. A form of proxy and reply paid envelope is enclosed. To be valid, it should be lodged with the Company's Registrar, Computershare Investor Services PLC, The Pavilions, Bridgwater Road, Bristol BS99 6ZY or the proxy must be registered electronically at www.investorcentre.co.uk/eproxy, in each case, so as to be received no later than 48 hours (excluding non working days) before the time appointed for holding the meeting or any adjourned meeting. To vote electronically, you will be asked to provide your Control Number, Shareholder Reference Number and PIN which are detailed on your proxy form. This is the only acceptable means by which proxy instructions may be submitted electronically.
14. Under Section 319A of the Companies Act 2006, the Company must answer any question you ask relating to the business being dealt with at the meeting unless answering the question would interfere unduly with the preparation for the meeting or involve the disclosure of confidential information or the answer has already been given on a website in the form of an answer to a question or it is undesirable in the interests of the Company or the good order of the meeting that the question be answered.
15. Pursuant to Chapter 5 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 (Sections 527 to 531), where requested by a member or members meeting the qualification criteria the Company must publish on its website, a statement setting out any matter that such members propose to raise at the meeting relating to the audit of the Company's accounts (including the auditor's report and the conduct of the audit) that are to be laid before the meeting. Where the Company is required to publish such a statement on its website it may not require the members making the request to pay any expenses incurred by the Company in complying with the request, it must forward the statement to the Company's auditors no later than the time the statement is made available on the Company's website and the statement may be dealt with as part of the business of the meeting.
16. Except as provided above, members who have general queries about the meeting should use the following means of communication (no other methods of communication will be accepted):
Telephone number: 020 3667 8100
You may not use any electronic address provided either:
 - i) in this notice of Annual General Meeting; or
 - ii) any related documents (including the Chairman's letter and proxy form), to communicate with the Company for any purposes other than those expressly stated.

Notice of Separate Meeting of Ordinary Shareholders

Notice is hereby given that a separate meeting of the holders of ordinary shares of 1p each in the capital of Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc ("the Company") will be held on 8 December 2016 at 1.10 pm (or as soon thereafter as the annual general meeting of the Company convened for 1.00 pm on that day has been concluded or adjourned) at the offices of Foresight Group, The Shard, 32 London Bridge Street, London, SE1 9SG for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following resolution which will be proposed as a special resolution.

The holders of the ordinary shares of 1p each in the capital of the Company ("Ordinary Shares") hereby sanction, approve and consent to:

- a) the passing and carrying into effect of resolutions 6 and 8 (as ordinary and special resolutions of the Company, as applicable) set out in the notice of annual general meeting of the Company convened for 1.00 pm on 8 December 2016 (a copy of which is produced to the meeting and signed by the Chairman for the purposes of identification); and
- b) any effect on, variation, abrogation, dealing with and/or deemed variation or abrogation of the rights and privileges attached to the Ordinary Shares which will, or may, result from the passing and carrying into effect of the said resolutions and notwithstanding that the passing and carrying into effect of such resolutions may affect the rights and privileges attached to such Ordinary Shares.

By order of the Board

The Shard
32 London Bridge Street
London
SE1 9SG

Foresight Fund Managers Limited

Company Secretary

28 October 2016

Notes:

1. Pursuant to Regulation 41 of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001, entitlement to attend and vote at the meeting and the number of votes which may be cast thereat will be determined by reference to the Register of Members of the Company at close of business on the day which is two days (excluding non-working days) before the day of the meeting or adjourned meeting. Changes to entries on the Register of Members after that time shall be disregarded in determining the rights of any person to attend and vote at the meeting.
2. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy or proxies to attend, speak and vote on his or her behalf. A proxy need not also be a member but must attend the meeting to represent you. Details of how to appoint the chairman of the meeting or another person as your proxy using the form of proxy are set out in the notes on the form of proxy which is enclosed. If you wish your proxy to speak on your behalf at the meeting, you will need to appoint your own choice of proxy (not the chairman) and give your instructions directly to them.
3. You may appoint more than one proxy, provided each proxy is appointed to exercise rights attached to different shares. You may not appoint more than one proxy to exercise rights attached to any one share. To appoint more than one proxy, (an) additional form(s) of proxy may be obtained by contacting Computershare Investor Services PLC on 0370 707 4017. Please indicate in the box next to the proxy holder's name the number of shares in relation to which they are authorised to act as your proxy. Please also indicate by ticking the box provided if the proxy instruction is one of multiple instructions being given. All forms must be signed and returned together in the same envelope.
4. A reply paid form of proxy for your use is enclosed (Form of Proxy — Separate Meeting of Ordinary Shareholders). To be valid it should be completed, signed and sent, together with a power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of such power or authority, to the Company's Registrars, Computershare Investor Services PLC, The Pavilions, Bridgwater Road, Bristol BS99 6ZY or the proxy must be registered electronically at www.investorcentre.co.uk/eproxy, in each case, so as to be received not later than 1.10pm on the day which is two days (excluding non-working days) before the date of the meeting or 9.00 am on the day which is two days (excluding non-working days) before the date of the adjourned meeting or (in the case of a poll taken subsequently to the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting) so as to be received no later than 24 hours before the time appointed for taking the poll. To vote electronically, you will be asked to provide your Control Number, Shareholder Reference Number and PIN which are detailed on your proxy form. This is the only acceptable means by which proxy instructions may be submitted electronically.



Notice of Separate Meeting of Ordinary Shareholders

continued

5. As at 27 October 2016 (being the last business day prior to the publication of this notice), the issued share capital of the Ordinary Shares fund was 38,290,862 shares, carrying one vote each. Therefore, the total voting rights in the Ordinary Shares fund as at 27 October 2016 was 38,290,862 Ordinary Shares.
6. Any person to whom this notice is sent who is a person nominated under section 146 of the Companies Act 2006 to enjoy information rights (a 'Nominated Person') may, under an agreement between him/her and the member by whom he/she was nominated, have a right to be appointed (or to have someone else appointed) as a proxy for the meeting. If a Nominated Person has no such proxy appointment right or does not wish to exercise it, he/she may, under any such agreement, have a right to give instructions to the shareholder as to the exercise of voting rights.
7. The statement of the rights of members in relation to the appointment of proxies in paragraphs 2 to 4 above does not apply to Nominated Persons. The rights described in those paragraphs can only be exercised by members of the Company.
8. Appointment of a proxy will not preclude a member from subsequently attending and voting at the meeting should he or she subsequently decide to do so. You can only appoint a proxy using the procedures set out in these notes and the notes to the form of proxy.
9. Notice is hereby further given that the necessary quorum for the above meeting shall be holders of Ordinary Shares present in person or by proxy holding not less than one-third of the paid up Ordinary Share capital and that if within half an hour from the time appointed for the above meeting a quorum is not present it shall be adjourned to 9 December 2016 at 9.00 am at the offices of Foresight Group LLP, The Shard, 32 London Bridge Street, London, SE1 9SG or as soon thereafter as may be arranged and at such adjourned meeting the holders of Ordinary Shares present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum regardless of the number of Ordinary Shares held.

Notice of Separate Meeting of C Shareholders

Notice is hereby given that a separate meeting of the holders of C shares of 1p each in the capital of Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc ("the Company") will be held on 8 December 2016 at 1.15 pm (or as soon thereafter as the separate meeting of the holders of ordinary shares of 1p each in the capital of the Company convened for 1.10 pm on that day has been concluded or adjourned) at the offices of Foresight Group LLP, The Shard, 32 London Bridge Street, SE1 9SG for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following resolution which will be proposed as a special resolution.

The holders of the C shares of 1p each in the capital of the Company ("C Shares") hereby sanction, approve and consent to:

a) the passing and carrying into effect of resolutions 6 and 8 (as ordinary and special resolutions of the Company, as applicable) set out in the notice of annual general meeting of the Company convened for 1.00 pm on 8 December 2016 (a copy of which is produced to the meeting and signed by the Chairman for the purposes of identification); and

b) any effect on, variation, abrogation, dealing with and/or deemed variation or abrogation of the rights and privileges attached to the C Shares which will, or may, result from the passing and carrying into effect of the said resolutions and notwithstanding that the passing and carrying into effect of such resolutions may affect the rights and privileges attached to such C Shares.

By order of the Board

The Shard
32 London Bridge Street
London
SE1 9SG

Foresight Fund Managers Limited

Company Secretary

28 October 2016

Notes:

- Pursuant to Regulation 41 of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001, entitlement to attend and vote at the meeting and the number of votes which may be cast thereat will be determined by reference to the Register of Members of the Company at close of business on the day which is two days (excluding non-working days) before the day of the meeting or adjourned meeting. Changes to entries on the Register of Members after that time shall be disregarded in determining the rights of any person to attend and vote at the meeting.
- A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy or proxies to attend, speak and vote on his or her behalf. A proxy need not also be a member but must attend the meeting to represent you. Details of how to appoint the chairman of the meeting or another person as your proxy using the form of proxy are set out in the notes on the form of proxy which is enclosed. If you wish your proxy to speak on your behalf at the meeting, you will need to appoint your own choice of proxy (not the chairman) and give your instructions directly to them.
- You may appoint more than one proxy, provided each proxy is appointed to exercise rights attached to different shares. You may not appoint more than one proxy to exercise rights attached to any one share. To appoint more than one proxy, (an) additional form(s) of proxy may be obtained by contacting Computershare Investor Services PLC on 0370 707 4017. Please indicate in the box next to the proxy holder's name the number of shares in relation to which they are authorised to act as your proxy. Please also indicate by ticking the box provided if the proxy instruction is one of multiple instructions being given. All forms must be signed and returned together in the same envelope.
- A reply paid form of proxy for your use is enclosed (Form of Proxy — Separate Meeting of C Shareholders). To be valid it should be completed, signed and sent, together with a power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of such power or authority, to the Company's Registrars, Computershare Investor Services PLC, The Pavilions, Bridgwater Road, Bristol BS99 6ZY or the proxy must be registered electronically at www.investorcentre.co.uk/eproxy, in each case, so as to be received not later than 1.15pm on the day which is two days (excluding non-working days) before the date of the meeting or 9.05 am on the day which is two days (excluding non-working days) before the date of the adjourned meeting or (in the case of a poll taken subsequently to the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting) so as to be received no later than 24 hours before the time appointed for taking a poll. To vote electronically, you will be asked to provide your Control Number, Shareholder Reference Number and PIN which are detailed on your proxy form. This is the only acceptable means by which proxy instructions may be submitted electronically.



Notice of Separate Meeting of C Shareholders continued

5. As at 27 October 2016 (being the last business day prior to the publication of this notice), the issued share capital of the C Shares fund was 12,509,245 shares, carrying one vote each. Therefore, the total voting rights in the C Shares fund as at 27 October 2016 was 12,509,245 C Shares.
6. Any person to whom this notice is sent who is a person nominated under section 146 of the Companies Act 2006 to enjoy information rights (a 'Nominated Person') may, under an agreement between him/her and the member by whom he/she was nominated, have a right to be appointed (or to have someone else appointed) as a proxy for the meeting. If a Nominated Person has no such proxy appointment right or does not wish to exercise it, he/she may, under any such agreement, have a right to give instructions to the shareholder as to the exercise of voting rights.
7. The statement of the rights of members in relation to the appointment of proxies in paragraphs 2 to 4 above does not apply to Nominated Persons. The rights described in those paragraphs can only be exercised by members of the Company.
8. Appointment of a proxy will not preclude a member from subsequently attending and voting at the meeting should he or she subsequently decide to do so. You can only appoint a proxy using the procedures set out in these notes and the notes to the form of proxy.
9. Notice is hereby further given that the necessary quorum for the above meeting shall be holders of C Shares present in person or by proxy holding not less than one-third of the paid up C Share capital and that if within half an hour from the time appointed for the above meeting a quorum is not present it shall be adjourned to 9 December 2016 at 9.05 am at the offices of Foresight Group LLP, The Shard, 32 London Bridge Street, London, SE1 9SG or as soon thereafter as may be arranged and at such adjourned meeting the holders of C Shares present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum regardless of the number of C Shares held.

Notice of Separate Meeting of D Shareholders

Notice is hereby given that a separate meeting of the holders of D shares of 1p each in the capital of Foresight Solar & Infrastructure VCT plc ("the Company") will be held on 8 December 2016 at 1.20 pm (or as soon thereafter as the separate meeting of the holders of C shares of 1p each in the capital of the Company convened for 1.15 pm on that day has been concluded or adjourned) at the offices of Foresight Group LLP, The Shard, 32 London Bridge Street, SE1 9SG for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following resolution which will be proposed as a special resolution.

The holders of the D Shares of 1p each in the capital of the Company ("D Shares") hereby sanction, approve and consent to:

- a) the passing and carrying into effect of resolutions 6 and 8 (as ordinary and special resolutions of the Company, as applicable) set out in the notice of annual general meeting of the Company convened for 1.00 pm on 8 December 2016 (a copy of which is produced to the meeting and signed by the Chairman for the purposes of identification); and
- b) any effect on, variation, abrogation, dealing with and/or deemed variation or abrogation of the rights and privileges attached to the D Shares which will, or may, result from the passing and carrying into effect of the said resolutions and notwithstanding that the passing and carrying into effect of such resolutions may affect the rights and privileges attached to such D Shares.

By order of the Board

The Shard
32 London Bridge Street
London
SE1 9SG

Foresight Fund Managers Limited
Company Secretary
28 October 2016

Notes:

1. Pursuant to Regulation 41 of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001, entitlement to attend and vote at the meeting and the number of votes which may be cast thereat will be determined by reference to the Register of Members of the Company at close of business on the day which is two days (excluding non-working days) before the day of the meeting or adjourned meeting. Changes to entries on the Register of Members after that time shall be disregarded in determining the rights of any person to attend and vote at the meeting.
2. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy or proxies to attend, speak and vote on his or her behalf. A proxy need not also be a member but must attend the meeting to represent you. Details of how to appoint the chairman of the meeting or another person as your proxy using the form of proxy are set out in the notes on the form of proxy which is enclosed. If you wish your proxy to speak on your behalf at the meeting, you will need to appoint your own choice of proxy (not the chairman) and give your instructions directly to them.
3. You may appoint more than one proxy, provided each proxy is appointed to exercise rights attached to different shares. You may not appoint more than one proxy to exercise rights attached to any one share. To appoint more than one proxy, (an) additional form(s) of proxy may be obtained by contacting Computershare Investor Services PLC on 0370 707 4017. Please indicate in the box next to the proxy holder's name the number of shares in relation to which they are authorised to act as your proxy. Please also indicate by ticking the box provided if the proxy instruction is one of multiple instructions being given. All forms must be signed and returned together in the same envelope.
4. A reply paid form of proxy for your use is enclosed (Form of Proxy — Separate Meeting of D Shareholders). To be valid it should be completed, signed and sent, together with a power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of such power or authority, to the Company's Registrars, Computershare Investor Services PLC, The Pavilions, Bridgwater Road, Bristol BS99 6ZY or the proxy must be registered electronically at www.investorcentre.co.uk/eproxy, in each case, so as to be received not later than 1.15pm on the day which is two days (excluding non-working days) before the date of the meeting or 9.05 am on the day which is two days (excluding non-working days) before the date of the adjourned meeting or (in the case of a poll taken subsequently to the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting) so as to be received no later than 24 hours before the time appointed for taking a poll. To vote electronically, you will be asked to provide your Control Number, Shareholder Reference Number and PIN which are detailed on your proxy form. This is the only acceptable means by which proxy instructions may be submitted electronically.



Notice of Separate Meeting of D Shareholders continued

5. As at 27 October 2016 (being the last business day prior to the publication of this notice), the issued share capital of the D Shares fund was 2,496,781 shares, carrying one vote each. Therefore, the total voting rights in the D Shares fund as at 27 October 2016 was 2,496,781 D Shares.
6. Any person to whom this notice is sent who is a person nominated under section 146 of the Companies Act 2006 to enjoy information rights (a 'Nominated Person') may, under an agreement between him/her and the member by whom he/she was nominated, have a right to be appointed (or to have someone else appointed) as a proxy for the meeting. If a Nominated Person has no such proxy appointment right or does not wish to exercise it, he/she may, under any such agreement, have a right to give instructions to the shareholder as to the exercise of voting rights.
7. The statement of the rights of members in relation to the appointment of proxies in paragraphs 2 to 4 above does not apply to Nominated Persons. The rights described in those paragraphs can only be exercised by members of the Company.
8. Appointment of a proxy will not preclude a member from subsequently attending and voting at the meeting should he or she subsequently decide to do so. You can only appoint a proxy using the procedures set out in these notes and the notes to the form of proxy.
9. Notice is hereby further given that the necessary quorum for the above meeting shall be holders of D Shares present in person or by proxy holding not less than one-third of the paid up D Share capital and that if within half an hour from the time appointed for the above meeting a quorum is not present it shall be adjourned to 9 December 2016 at 9.10 am at the offices of Foresight Group LLP, The Shard, 32 London Bridge Street, London, SE1 9SG or as soon thereafter as may be arranged and at such adjourned meeting the holders of D Shares present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum regardless of the number of D Shares held.



Directors

David Hurst-Brown (Chairman)
Mike Liston
Tim Dowlen

Investment Manager & Administration providers

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GY1 4EU

Company Secretary

Foresight Fund Managers Limited
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SE1 9SG

Registered Office

c/o Foresight Group
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Registrar

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